# Package 'RMassBank'

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Type Package

Title Workflow to process tandem MS files and build MassBank records

Version 3.19.0

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Description Workflow to process tandem MS files and build MassBank records. Functions include automated extraction of tandem MS spectra, formula assignment to tandem MS fragments, recalibration of tandem MS spectra with assigned fragments, spectrum cleanup, automated retrieval of compound information from Internet databases, and export to MassBank records.

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**Depends** Rcpp

Imports assertthat, Biobase, ChemmineR, data.table, digest, dplyr, enviPat, glue, httr, httr2, logger, methods, MSnbase, mzR, purrr, R.utils, rcdk, readJDX, readr, rjson, S4Vectors, tibble, tidyselect, webchem, XML, yaml

**Suggests** BiocStyle, CAMERA, gplots, knitr, magick, rmarkdown, RMassBankData (>= 1.33.1), RUnit, xcms (>= 1.37.1)

VignetteBuilder knitr

**biocViews** ImmunoOncology, Bioinformatics, MassSpectrometry, Metabolomics, Software

**Encoding** UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

SystemRequirements OpenBabel

Collate 'alternateAnalyze.R' 'formulaCalculator.R' 'getSplash.R' 
'leCsvAccess.R' 'settings\_example.R' 'webAccess.R' 
'deprofile.R' 'parseMassBank.R' 'Generics.R' 
'SpectrumClasses.R' 'SpectrumMethods.R' 'RmbSpectrum2Update.R' 
'readWriteMgfData.R' 'RmbWorkspace.R' 'RmbWorkspaceUpdate.R' 
'SpectraSetMethods.R' 'AggregateMethods.R' 'leMsMs.r' 
'leMsmsRaw.R' 'buildRecord.R' 'createMassBank.R' 
'msmsRawExtensions.r' 'validateMassBank.R' 'tools.R' 
'msmsRead.R' 'mergeSpectra.R' 'Isotopic\_Annotation.R' 
'fillback.R' 'parseMbRecord.R' 'zzzz.R' 'log\_wrapper.R' 
'createCompoundlist.R'

2 Contents

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# **Contents**

-,RmbSpectraSet,ANY-method	4
-,RmbSpectrum2List,ANY-method	5
-,Spectrum,numeric-method	5
,RmbSpectraSet,ANY-method	6
,RmbSpectrum2List,ANY-method	6
Spectrum,numeric-method	7
parseTitleString	7
updateObject.RmbSpectrum2.formulaSource	8
dd.formula	8
ddMB	9
ddPeaks	10
ddPeaksManually	11
	12
	12
	14
·	16
	17
	18
	19
	20
*	21
•	22
	23
<u> </u>	24
	25
•	26
	27
	27
**	28
	29
	31
•	32
	32
•	33
	34
	35
	36
	37
	38
	38 39
	59 42
HIUIVISIVISI IIX.UII ECC	+4

Contents 3

findMsMsHR.ticms2	 43
findMsMsHRperMsp	 44
findMsMsHRperxcms	 45
findMz	 46
findMz.formula	47
findProgress	48
flatten	49
formulastring.to.list	50
gatherCCTE	51
gatherData	52
gatherDataBabel	53
gatherDataUnknown	54
gatherPubChem	55
getAnalyticalInfo	56
getCactus	56
getCASRN	57
getCASID	58
	59
getCtsKey	59 59
getCtsRecord	
getData	60
getDTXCID	61
getDTXSID	62
getDTXSMILES	63
getField	64
getMolecule	64
getPcId	65
getPrefName	66
is.valid.formula	67
loadInfolists	 68
loadList	 69
makeMollist	 70
makePeaksCache	 70
makeRecalibration	 71
mbWorkflow	72
mbWorkspace-class	74
mergePeaks	75
mergeSpectra	76
msmsRead	76
msmsRead.RAW	78
msmsWorkflow	79
msmsWorkspace-class	81
newMbWorkspace	82
newMsmsWorkspace	82
normalize,RmbSpectrum2-method	83
•	 84
normalize,RmbSpectrum2List-method	 
order.formula	84
parseMassBank	85
parseMbRecord	85
peaksMatched	86
peaksUnmatched	87
plotMbWorkspaces	 88
plotRecalibration	88

	ppm
	problematicPeaks
	processProblematicPeaks
	progressBarHook
	property
	property<
	reanalyzeFailpeaks
	recalibrate
	recalibrate.addMS1data
	RmbDefaultSettings
	RmbSettings
	RmbSpectraSet-class
	RmbSpectrum2-class
	RmbSpectrum2List-class
	rmb_log_debug
	rmb_log_error
	rmb_log_fatal
	rmb_log_info
	rmb_log_success
	rmb_log_trace
	rmb_log_warn
	selectPeaks
	selectSpectra
	setAccessionBuilder
	setData
	smiles2mass
	spectraCount
	to.limits.rcdk
	toMassbank
	toRMB
	updateHeader
	updateSettings
	validate
Index	117

+,RmbSpectraSet,ANY-method

Add a mass shift to a list of spectra

## Description

Shifts both 'parent' and 'children' spectra of the 'RmbSpectraSet' by the same mass.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSet,ANY' e1 + e2
```

## **Arguments**

- e1 a 'RmbSpectraSet' object containing zero or more 'children' spectra and a 'par
  - ent' spectrum
- e2 a numeric mass shift
- +,RmbSpectrum2List,ANY-method

Add a mass shift to a list of spectra

## Description

Shifts all spectra in a 'RmbSpectrum2List' by the same mass

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2List,ANY' e1 + e2
```

## **Arguments**

- e1 a 'RmbSpectrum2List' object containing zero or more 'RmbSpectrum2' spectra
- e2 a numeric mass shift
- +,Spectrum,numeric-method

Add a mass shift to a spectrum

## **Description**

Add a mass shift to a spectrum

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Spectrum,numeric' e1 + e2 \,
```

## **Arguments**

- e1 a 'MSnbase::Spectrum' object
- e2 a numeric mass shift

-, RmbSpectraSet, ANY-method

Add a negative mass shift to a list of spectra

## Description

Shifts both 'parent' and 'children' spectra of the 'RmbSpectraSet' by the same mass.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSet,ANY'
e1 - e2
```

## Arguments

e2

- e1 a 'RmbSpectraSet' object containing zero or more 'children' spectra and a 'parent' spectrum
  - a numeric mass shift

-, RmbSpectrum2List, ANY-method

Add a negative mass shift to a list of spectra

## Description

Shifts all spectra in a 'RmbSpectrum2List' by the same mass

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2List,ANY' e1 - e2
```

## Arguments

- e1 a 'RmbSpectrum2List' object containing zero or more 'RmbSpectrum2' spectra
- e2 a numeric mass shift

```
-, Spectrum, numeric-method
```

Add a negative mass shift to a spectrum

## **Description**

Add a negative mass shift to a spectrum

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Spectrum,numeric'
e1 - e2
```

## **Arguments**

e1 a 'MSnbase::Spectrum' object

e2 a numeric mass shift

.parseTitleString

Parse record title

## **Description**

Parses a title for a single MassBank record using the title format specified in the option titleFormat. Internally used, not exported.

## Usage

```
.parseTitleString(mbdata)
```

## **Arguments**

mbdata

list The information data block for the record header, as stored in mbdata\_relisted after loading an infolist.

## **Details**

If the option is not set, a standard title format is used (for record definition version 1 or 2).

## Value

A string with the title.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag

## References

MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord\_en.pdf

8 add.formula

#### See Also

buildRecord

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    # used in buildRecord()
    title <- .parseTitleString(mbdata)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
. \verb| updateObject.RmbSpectrum2.formulaSource| \\ Add formulaSource column to spectrum.
```

## Description

TODO: consider whether to add functionality to move reanalysis stuff from legacy data back in.

## Usage

```
.updateObject.RmbSpectrum2.formulaSource(w)
```

## **Arguments**

W

RmbSpectrum2 The object to be updated

#### Value

The updated RmbSpectrum2 object

## Author(s)

stravsmi

add.formula

Calculations on molecular formulas

## **Description**

Add, subtract, and multiply molecular formulas.

## Usage

```
add.formula(f1, f2, as.formula = TRUE, as.list = FALSE)
multiply.formula(f1, n, as.formula = TRUE, as.list = FALSE)
```

addMB 9

## **Arguments**

f1, f2	Molecular formulas (in list form or in text form) to calculate with.
as.formula	Return the result as a text formula (e.g. "C6H1206"). This is the default
as.list	Return the result in list format (e.g. list(C=6, H=12,0=6)).
n	Multiplier (positive or negative, integer or non-integer.)

## **Details**

Note that the results are not checked for plausibility at any stage, nor reordered.

#### Value

The resulting formula, as specified above.

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### See Also

```
formulastring.to.list, is.valid.formula, order.formula
```

## **Examples**

```
##
add.formula("C6H1206", "C3H3")
add.formula("C6H1206", "C-3H-3")
add.formula("C6H1206", multiply.formula("C3H3", -1))
```

addMB

MassBank-record Addition

## Description

Adds the peaklist of a MassBank-Record to the specs of an msmsWorkspace

## Usage

```
addMB(w, cpdID, fileName, mode)
```

## Arguments

w The msmsWorkspace that the pe	eaklist should be added to.
---------------------------------	-----------------------------

cpdID The compoundID of the compound that has been used for the record

fileName The path to the record

mode The ionization mode that has been used to create the record

10 addPeaks

#### Value

The msmsWorkspace with the additional peaklist from the record

## Author(s)

Erik Mueller

#### See Also

```
addPeaksManually
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   addMB("filepath_to_records/RC00001.txt")
## End(Not run)
```

addPeaks

Add additional peaks to spectra

## Description

Loads a table with additional peaks to add to the MassBank spectra. Required columns are cpdID, scan, int, mzFound, OK.

## Usage

```
addPeaks(mb, filename_or_dataframe)
```

## Arguments

```
mb The mbWorkspace to load the peaks into. filename_or_dataframe
```

Filename of the csv file, or name of the R dataframe containing the peaklist.

#### **Details**

All peaks with OK=1 will be included in the spectra.

## Value

The mbWorkspace with loaded additional peaks.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### See Also

mbWorkflow

addPeaksManually 11

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: addPeaks("myrun_additionalPeaks.csv")
```

addPeaksManually

Addition of manual peaklists

## **Description**

Adds a manual peaklist in matrix-format

## Usage

```
addPeaksManually(w, cpdID, handSpec, mode)
```

## **Arguments**

W The msmsWorkspace that the peaklist should be added to.

cpdID The compoundID of the compound that has been used for the peaklist

handSpec A peaklist with 2 columns, one with "mz", one with "int"

mode The ionization mode that has been used for the spectrum represented by the

peaklist

#### Value

The msmsWorkspace with the additional peaklist added to the right spectrum

## Author(s)

Erik Mueller

## See Also

msmsWorkflow

12 aggregateSpectra

Add and initialize dataframe column

## **Description**

Adds a new column of a defined type to a data. frame and initializes it to a value. The advantage of doing this over adding it with  $\$  or [,""] is that the case nrow(o) == 0 is adequately handled and doesn't raise an error.

## Usage

```
addProperty(o, name, type, value = NA)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2, character, character'
addProperty(o, name, type, value = NA)
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame, character, character'
addProperty(o, name, type, value = NA)
```

#### **Arguments**

o data.frame to add the column to

name Name of the new column type Data type of the new column

value Initial value of the new column (NA if not given)

#### Value

Expanded data frame.

## Methods (by class)

• addProperty(o = data.frame, name = character, type = character): Add a new column to a data.frame

## Author(s)

stravsmi

 ${\tt aggregateSpectra}$ 

Aggregate analyzed spectra

#### **Description**

Groups an array of analyzed spectra and creates aggregated peak tables

#### Usage

```
aggregateSpectra(spec, addIncomplete=FALSE)
```

aggregateSpectra 13

#### **Arguments**

The RmbSpectraSetList of spectra sets (RmbSpectraSet objects) to aggregate spec addIncomplete

Whether or not the peaks from incomplete files (files for which less than the

maximal number of spectra are present)

#### **Details**

addIncomplete is relevant for recalibration. For recalibration, we want to use only high-confidence peaks, therefore we set addIncomplete to FALSE. When we want to generate a peak list for actually generating MassBank records, we want to include all peaks into the peak tables.

#### Value

A summary data. frame with all peaks (possibly multiple rows for one m/z value from a spectrum, see below) with columns:

mzFound, intensity

Mass and intensity of the peak

if the peak passes filter criteria good

mzCalc, formula, dbe, dppm

calculated mass, formula, dbe and ppm deviation of the assigned formula

formulaCount, dppmBest

Number of matched formulae for this m/z value, and ppm deviation of the best

match

scan, cpdID, parentScan

Scan number of the child and parent spectrum in the raw file, also the compound

ID to which the peak belongs

dppmRc ppm deviation recalculated from the aggregation function

index Aggregate-table peak index, so the table can be subsetted, edited and results

reinserted back into this table easily

Further columns are later added by workflow steps 6 (electronic noise culler), 7 and 8.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### See Also

```
msmsWorkflow, analyzeMsMs
```

```
## As used in the workflow:
## Not run: %
 w@spectra <- lapply(w@spectra, function(spec)</pre>
 analyzeMsMs(spec, mode="pH", detail=TRUE, run="recalibrated", cut=0, cut_ratio=0 ) )
 w@aggregate <- aggregateSpectra(w@spectra)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

14 analyzeMsMs

analyzeMsMs

Analyze MSMS spectra

#### **Description**

Analyzes MSMS spectra of a compound by fitting formulas to each subpeak.

#### Usage

```
analyzeMsMs(
  msmsPeaks,
  mode = "pH"
  detail = FALSE,
  run = "preliminary",
  filterSettings = getOption("RMassBank")$filterSettings,
  spectraList = getOption("RMassBank")$spectraList,
  method = "formula"
)
analyzeMsMs.formula(
  msmsPeaks,
  mode = "pH"
  detail = FALSE,
  run = "preliminary",
  filterSettings = getOption("RMassBank")$filterSettings
)
analyzeMsMs.intensity(
  msmsPeaks,
  mode = "pH"
  detail = FALSE,
  run = "preliminary",
  filterSettings = getOption("RMassBank")$filterSettings
```

## **Arguments**

msmsPeaks A RmbSpectraSet object. Corresponds to a parent spectrum and children MSMS

spectra of one compound (plus some metadata). The objects are typically generated with findMsMsHR, and populate the @spectrum slot in a msmsWorkspace (refer to the corresponding documentation for the precise format specifications).

mode Specifies the processing mode, i.e. which molecule species the spectra contain. *pH* (positive H) specifies [M+H]+, *pNa* specifies [M+Na]+, *pM* specifies [M]+,

pH (positive H) specifies [M+H]+, pNa specifies [M]+, mH and mNa specify [M-H]- and [M-Na]-, respectively. (I apologize for the naming of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical pH values.)

detail Whether detailed return information should be provided (defaults to FALSE). See

below.

run "preliminary" or "recalibrated". In the preliminary run, mass tolerance is set to 10 ppm (above m/z 120) and 15 ppm (below m/z 120), the default inten-

sity cutoff is \$10^4\$ for positive mode (no default cutoff in negative mode), and

analyzeMsMs 15

> the column "mz" from the spectra is used as data source. In the recalibrated run, the mass tolerance is set to 5 ppm over the whole mass range, the default cutoff is 0 and the column "mzRecal" is used as source for the m/z values. Defaults to "preliminary".

filterSettings Settings for the filter parameters, by default loaded from the RMassBank settings set with e.g. loadRmbSettings. Must contain:

- ppmHighMass, allowed ppm deviation before recalibration for high mass
- ppmLowMass, allowed ppm deviation before recalibration for low mass range
- massRangeDivision, division point between high and low mass range (before recalibration)
- ppmFine, allowed ppm deviation overall after recalibration
- prelimCut, intensity cutoff for peaks in preliminary run
- prelimCutRatio, relative intensity cutoff for peaks in preliminary run, e.g. 0.01 = 1
- fineCut, intensity cutoff for peaks in second run
- fineCutRatio, relative intensity cutoff for peaks in second run
- spec0kLimit, minimum intensity of base peak for spectrum to be accepted for processing
- dbeMinLimit, minimum double bond equivalent for accepted molecular subformula.
- satelliteMzLimit, for satellite peak filtering (filterPeakSatellites: mass window to use for satellite removal
- satelliteIntLimit, the relative intensity below which to discard "satellites". (refer to filterPeakSatellites).

spectraList

The list of MS/MS spectra present in each data block. As also defined in the settings file.

method

Selects which function to actually use for data evaluation. The default "formula" runs a full analysis via formula assignment to fragment peaks. The alternative setting "intensity" calls a "mock" implementation which circumvents formula assignment and filters peaks purely based on intensity cutoffs and the satellite filtering. (In this case, the ppm and dbe related settings in filterSettings are ignored.)

#### **Details**

The analysis function uses Rcdk. Note that in this step, satellite peaks are removed by a simple heuristic rule (refer to the documentation of filterPeakSatellites for details.)

#### Value

The processed RmbSpectraSet object. Added (or filled, respectively, since the slots are present before) data include

list("complete")

whether all spectra have useful value

list("empty") whether there are no useful spectra

list("children")

The processed RmbSpectrum2 objects (in a RmbSpectrum2List).

16 annotator.default

 ok if the spectrum was successfully processed with at least one resulting peak

- mz, intensity: note that mz/int pairs can be duplicated when multiple matches are found for one mz value, therefore the two slots are not necessarily unchanged from before
- rawOK (logical) whether the m/z peak passes satellite/low removal
- low, satellite if TRUE, the peak failed cutoff (low) or was removed as satellite
- formula, mzCalc, dppm, dbe Formula, calculated mass, ppm deviation and dbe assigned to a peak
- formulaCount, dppmBest Number of formulae matched for this m/z value and ppm deviation of the best match
- info Spectrum identifying information (collision energy, resolution, collision mode) from the spectraList
- All other entries are retained from the original RmbSpectrum2.

#### **Functions**

- analyzeMsMs.formula(): Analyze the peaks using formula annotation
- analyzeMsMs.intensity(): Analyze the peaks going only by intensity values

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### See Also

 $\verb|msmsWorkflow|, filter Lowacc Results|, filter Peak Satellites|, reanalyze Failpeak Satelli$ 

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: analyzed <- analyzeMsMs(spec, "pH", TRUE)</pre>
```

annotator.default

Generate peak annotation from peaklist

#### **Description**

Generates the PK\$ANNOTATION entry from the peaklist obtained. This function is overridable by using the "annotator" option in the settings file.

## Usage

```
annotator.default(annotation, formulaTag)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
annotation A peak list to be annotated. Contains columns: "cpdID", "formula", "mzFound"
, "scan", "mzCalc", "dppm", "dbe", "mz", "int", "formulaCount", "parentScan", "fM_factor"
"formulaMultiplicity", "intrel", "mzSpec"
```

formulaTag The ion type to be added to annotated formulas ("+" or "-" usually)

archiveResults 17

#### Value

The annotated peak table. Table colnames() will be used for the titles (preferrably don't use spaces in the column titles; however no format is strictly enforced by the MassBank data format.

## Author(s)

Michele Stravs, Eawag <stravsmi@eawag.ch>

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
annotation <- annotator.default(annotation)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

archiveResults

 $Backup \; {\tt msmsWorkflow} \; results$ 

## **Description**

Writes the results from different msmsWorkflow steps to a file.

## Usage

```
archiveResults(w, fileName, settings = getOption("RMassBank"))
```

## Arguments

W The msmsWorkspace to be saved.

fileName The filename to store the results under.

settings The settings to be stored into the msmsWorkspace image.

```
# This doesn't really make a lot of sense,
# it stores an empty workspace.
RmbDefaultSettings()
w <- newMsmsWorkspace()
archiveResults(w, "narcotics.RData")</pre>
```

18 buildRecord

buildRecord	Build MassBank records
Dailanceol a	Butta massbatta records

## **Description**

Takes a spectra block for a compound, as returned from analyzeMsMs, and an aggregated cleaned peak table, together with a MassBank information block, as stored in the infolists and loaded via loadInfolist/readMbdata and processes them to a MassBank record

## Usage

## **Arguments**

0	RmbSpectraSet or RmbSpectrum2 The spectra (or single spectrum) should be taken from a compound after analysis (analyzeMsMs). Note that <b>peaks are not read from this object anymore</b> : Peaks come from the aggregated dataframe (and from the global additionalPeaks dataframe; cf. addPeaks for usage information.)	
	keyword arguments for intensity normalization and peak selection (see normalize and selectPeaks)	
cpd	RmbSpectraSet or missing In case o is an RmbSpectrum2, this represents the RmbSpectraSet it belongs to	
mbdata	list The information data block for the record header, as stored in $\verb mbdata_relisted $ after loading an infolist.	
analyticalInfo	A list containing information for the 'AC\$' section of a MassBank record, with elements 'ai, ac_lc, ac_ms' for general, LC and MS info respectively.	
additionalPeaks		
	data.frame If present, a table with additional peaks to add into the spectra. As loaded with addPeaks.	

## Value

An object of the same type as was used for the input with new information added to it

CAS2SMILES 19

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### References

MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord\_en.pdf

#### See Also

mbWorkflow, addPeaks, toMassbank

CAS2SMILES

Convert CAS to SMILES

## **Description**

This is a wrapper for webchem::cir\_query, using the CACTUS API at https://cactus.nci.nih.gov/chemical/structure\_doc for the conversion. Before converting the CAS number, the name is checked whether it contains the word 'derivative'. If so, the conversion is stopped and NA is returned. Also, a warning will be printed in this case.

## Usage

```
CAS2SMILES(CAS_number, name)
```

## Arguments

CAS\_number character The CAS registry number of a compound

name character The compound's name

## Details

The API allows only one query per second. This is a hard-coded feature

#### Value

The SMILES code of the compound as character-string

## Author(s)

pstahlhofen

```
SMILES_ethanol <- CAS2SMILES("64-17-5", "Ethanol")</pre>
```

20 checkIsotopes

checkIsotopes

Checks for isotopes in a msmsWorkspace

## **Description**

Checks for isotopes in a msmsWorkspace

#### Usage

```
checkIsotopes(
    w,
    mode = "pH",
    intensity_cutoff = 0,
    intensity_precision = "none",
    conflict = "strict",
    isolationWindow = 2,
    evalMode = "complete",
    plotSpectrum = TRUE,
    settings = getOption("RMassBank")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

w A msmsWorkspace to work with.

mode "pH", "pNa", "pNH4", "mH", "mM", "mFA" for different ions ([M+H]+,

[M+Na]+, [M]+, [M+NH4]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-).

intensity\_cutoff

The cutoff (as an absolute intensity value) under which isotopic peaks shouldn't be checked for or accepted as valid. Please note: The cutoff is not hard in the sense that it interacts with the intensity\_precision parameter.

intensity\_precision

The difference that is accepted between the calculated and observed intensity of

a possible isotopic peak. Further details down below.

conflict Either "isotopic" (Peak formulas are always chosen if they fit the requirements

for an isotopic peak) or "strict" (Peaks are only marked as isotopic when there

hasn't been a formula assigned before.)

isolationWindow

Half of the width of the isolation window in Da

evalMode Currently no function yet, but planned. Currently must be "complete"

plotSpectrum A boolean specifiying whether the spectrumshould be plotted

settings Options to be used for processing. Defaults to the options loaded via loadRmbSettings

et al. Refer to there for specific settings.

## **Details**

text describing parameter inputs in more detail.

checkSpectra 21

• intensity\_precisionThis parameter determines how strict the intensity values should adhere to the calculated intensity in relation to the parent peak. Options for this parameter are "none", where the intensity is irrelevant, "low", which has an error margin of 70% and "high", where the error margin is set to 35%. The recommended setting is "low", but can be changed to adjust to the intensity precision of the mass spectrometer.

#### Value

The msmsWorkspace with annotated isolation peaks

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch> Erik Mueller, UFZ

checkSpectra

Check if a spectra set is found, complete, empty

## **Description**

Checks if a specific compound (RmbSpectraSet) was found with child spectra in the raw file (found), has a complete set of MS2 spectra with useful peaks (complete), or is empty (note: spectra are currently not ever marked empty - empty should mean found, but no useful peaks at all. This is not yet currently tested.)

## Usage

```
checkSpectra(s, property)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSet, character'
checkSpectra(s, property)
```

#### **Arguments**

s The (RmbSpectraSet) to check

property The property to check (found, complete or empty)

#### Value

TRUE or FALSE

## Methods (by class)

• checkSpectra(s = RmbSpectraSet, property = character):

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

22 cleanElnoise

cleanElnoise

Remove electronic noise

#### **Description**

Removes known electronic noise peaks from a peak table

## Usage

```
cleanElnoise(peaks, noise=getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoise,
 width = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoiseWidth)
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,numeric,numeric'
cleanElnoise(
 peaks,
 noise = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoise,
 width = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoiseWidth
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2,numeric,numeric'
cleanElnoise(
 peaks,
 noise = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoise,
 width = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoiseWidth
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2List,numeric,numeric'
cleanElnoise(
 peaks,
 noise = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoise,
 width = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoiseWidth
)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSet,numeric,numeric'
cleanElnoise(
 peaks,
 noise = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoise,
 width = getOption("RMassBank")$electronicNoiseWidth
)
```

## Arguments

peaks	An aggregated peak frame as described in aggregateSpectra. Columns mzFound, dppm and dppmBest are needed.
noise	A numeric vector of known m/z of electronic noise peaks from the instrument Defaults to the entries in the RMassBank settings.
width	The window for the noise peak in m/z units. Defaults to the entries in the RMass-Bank settings.

combineMultiplicities 23

#### Value

Extends the aggregate data frame by column noise (logical), which is TRUE if the peak is marked as noise.

## Methods (by class)

- cleanElnoise(peaks = data.frame, noise = numeric, width = numeric): Remove known electronic noise peaks
- cleanElnoise(peaks = RmbSpectrum2, noise = numeric, width = numeric): Remove known electronic noise peaks
- cleanElnoise(peaks = RmbSpectrum2List, noise = numeric, width = numeric): Remove known electronic noise peaks
- cleanElnoise(peaks = RmbSpectraSet, noise = numeric, width = numeric): Remove known electronic noise peaks

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### See Also

msmsWorkflow

## **Examples**

```
# As used in the workflow:
## Not run:
    w@aggregated <-
    cleanElnoise(w@aggregated)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

combineMultiplicities Combine workspaces for multiplicity filtering

## **Description**

Combines multiple msmsWorkspace items to one workspace which is used for multiplicity filtering.

## Usage

```
combineMultiplicities(workspaces)
```

## **Arguments**

workspaces

A vector of msmsWorkspace items. The first item is taken as the "authoritative" workspace, i.e. the one which will be used for the record generation. The subsequent workspaces will only be used for multiplicity filtering.

24 compoundlist2SDF

#### **Details**

This feature is particularily meant to be used in conjunction with the confirmMode option of msmsWorkflow: a file can be analyzed with confirmMode = 0 (default) and subsequently with confirmMode = 1 (take second highest scan). The second analysis should contain "the same" spectra as the first one (but less intense) and can be used to confirm the peaks in the first spectra.

TO DO: Enable the combination of workspaces for combining e.g. multiple energy settings measured separately.

#### Value

A msmsWorkspace object prepared for step 8 processing.

#### Author(s)

Stravs MA, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

#### See Also

```
msmsWorkspace-class
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
w <- newMsmsWorkspace
w@files <- c("spec1", "spec2")
w1 <- msmsWorkflow(w, steps=c(1:7), mode="pH")
w2 <- msmsWorkflow(w, steps=c(1:7), mode="pH", confirmMode = 1)
wTotal <- combineMultiplicities(c(w1, w2))
wTotal <- msmsWorkflow(wTotal, steps=8, mode="pH", archivename = "output")
# continue here with mbWorkflow
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

compoundlist2SDF

Convert a Compoundlist into an SDF

## Description

The resulting SDF will be written to a file named 'Compoundlist.sdf'. The header for each block is the chemical name, tags for ID, SMILES and CAS are added in the description block

## Usage

```
compoundlist2SDF(filename)
```

## **Arguments**

filename

character The name of the csv-file to be read. Note that the compoundlist has to be filtered already.

createCompoundlist 25

#### Value

This method has no return value.

#### Author(s)

pstahlhofen

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    compoundlist2SDF("Compoundlist_filtered.csv")
## End(Not run)
```

createCompoundlist

Create a Compoundlist from JCAMP files

## **Description**

This method will automatically look for all single-block JCAMP files in the directory by picking all files ending in '.dx' (and not '.jdx'). A csv-file named 'Compoundlist.csv' will be created in the same directory. The Compoundlist contains columns 'ID', 'Name', 'SMILES' and 'CAS' where 'SMILES' might be empty if the compound is a derivative or if the CAS number could not be converted (see CAS2SMILES).

## Usage

```
createCompoundlist()
```

#### Value

This method has no return value.

## Author(s)

pstahlhofen

## See Also

**CAS2SMILES** 

```
## Not run:
    # Prepare the compoundlist-creation
    splitMultiblockDX('my_multiblock_jcamp.jdx')
    createCompoundlist()
## End(Not run)
```

26 createMolfile

createMolfile

Create MOL file for a chemical structure

#### **Description**

Creates a MOL file (in memory or on disk) for a compound specified by the compound ID or by a SMILES code.

## Usage

```
createMolfile(id_or_smiles, fileName = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

fileName If the filename is set, the file is written directly to disk using the specified file-

name. Otherwise, it is returned as a text array.

#### **Details**

The function invokes OpenBabel (and therefore needs a correctly set OpenBabel path in the RMass-Bank settings), using the SMILES code retrieved with findSmiles or using the SMILES code directly. The current implementation of the workflow uses the latter version, reading the SMILES code directly from the MassBank record itself.

## Value

A character array containing the MOL/SDF format file, ready to be written to disk.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

## References

```
OpenBabel: http://openbabel.org
```

#### See Also

findSmiles

```
# Benzene:
## Not run:
createMolfile("C1=CC=CC=C1")
## End(Not run)
```

CTS.externalIdSubset 27

CTS.externalIdSubset Select a subset of external IDs from a CTS record.

## **Description**

Select a subset of external IDs from a CTS record.

## Usage

```
CTS.externalIdSubset(data, database)
```

## **Arguments**

data The complete CTS record as retrieved by getCtsRecord.

database The database for which keys should be returned.

#### Value

Returns an array of all external identifiers stored in the record for the given database.

## Author(s)

Michele Stravs, Eawag <stravsmi@eawag.ch>

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Return all CAS registry numbers stored for benzene.
data <- getCtsRecord("UHOVQNZJYSORNB-UHFFFAOYSA-N")
cas <- CTS.externalIdSubset(data, "CAS")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt CTS.externalIdTypes}$ 

Find all available databases for a CTS record

## **Description**

Find all available databases for a CTS record

## Usage

```
CTS.externalIdTypes(data)
```

## **Arguments**

data

The complete CTS record as retrieved by getCtsRecord.

28 dbe

#### Value

Returns an array of all database names for which there are external identifiers stored in the record.

#### Author(s)

Michele Stravs, Eawag <stravsmi@eawag.ch>

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Return all databases for which the benzene entry has
# links in the CTS record.

data <- getCTS("UHOVQNZJYSORNB-UHFFFAOYSA-N")
databases <- CTS.externalIdTypes(data)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

dbe

Calculate Double Bond Equivalents

## Description

Calculates the Ring and Double Bond Equivalents for a chemical formula. The highest valence state of each atom is used, such that the returned DBE should never be below 0.

## Usage

```
dbe(formula)
```

## **Arguments**

formula

A molecular formula in text or list representation (e.g. "C6H12O6" or list(C=6, H=12, 0=6)).

## Value

Returns the DBE for the given formula.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

```
# dbe("C6H12O6")
```

deprofile 29

deprofile	De-profile a high-resolution MS scan in profile mode.	

## Description

The deprofile functions convert profile-mode high-resolution input data to "centroid"-mode data amenable to i.e. centWave. This is done using full-width, half-height algorithm, spline algorithm or local maximum method.

#### Usage

## Arguments

df	A dataframe with at least the columns mz and int to perform deprofiling on.
uı	
noise	The noise cutoff. A peak is not included if the maximum stick intensity of the peak is below the noise cutoff.
method	"deprofile.fwhm" for full-width half-maximum or "deprofile.localMax" for local maximum.
	Arguments to the workhorse functions deprofile.fwhm etc.
scan	A matrix with 2 columns for m/z and intensity; from profile-mode high-resolution data. Corresponds to the spectra obtained with xcms::getScan or mzR::peaks.
colnames	For deprofile.scan: return matrix with column names (xcms-style, TRUE, default) or plain (mzR-style, FALSE).
cut	A parameter for deprofile.fwhm indicating where the peak flanks should be taken. Standard is 0.5 (as the algorithm name says, at half maximum.) Setting cut = $0.75$ would instead determine the peak width at $3/4$ maximum, which might give a better accuracy for merged peaks, but could be less accurate if too few data points are present.
minPts	The minimal points count in a peak to build a spline; for peaks with less points the local maximum will be used instead. Note: The minimum value is 4!
step	The interpolation step for the calculated spline, which limits the maximum precision which can be achieved.

## **Details**

The deprofile. fwhm method is basically an R-semantic version of the "Exact Mass" m/z deprofiler from MZmine. It takes the center between the m/z values at half-maximum intensity for the exact peak mass. The logic is stolen verbatim from the Java MZmine algorithm, but it has been rewritten

30 deprofile

to use the fast R vector operations instead of loops wherever possible. It's slower than the Java implementation, but still decently fast IMO. Using matrices instead of the data frame would be more memory-efficient and also faster, probably.

The deprofile.localMax method uses local maxima and is probably the same used by e.g. Xcalibur. For well-formed peaks, "deprofile.fwhm" gives more accurate mass results; for some applications, deprofile.localMax might be better (e.g. for fine isotopic structure peaks which are not separated by a valley and also not at half maximum.) For MS2 peaks, which have no isotopes, deprofile.fwhm is probably the better choice generally.

deprofile. spline calculates the mass using a cubic spline, as the HiRes peak detection in OpenMS does.

The word "centroid" is used for convenience to denote not-profile-mode data. The data points are NOT mathematical centroids; we would like to have a better word for it.

The noise parameter was only included for completeness, I personally don't use it.

deprofile.fwhm and deprofile.localMax are the workhorses; deprofile.scan takes a 2-column scan as input. deprofile dispatches the call to the appropriate worker method.

#### Value

deprofile. scan: a matrix with 2 columns for m/z and intensity

#### Note

Known limitations: If the absolute leftmost stick or the absolute rightmost stick in a scan are maxima, they will be discarded! However, I don't think this will ever present a practical problem.

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

## References

mzMine source code http://sourceforge.net/svn/?group\_id=139835

```
## Not run:
mzrFile <- openMSfile("myfile.mzML")
acqNo <- xraw@acquisitionNum[[50]]
scan.mzML.profile <- mzR::peaks(mzrFile, acqNo)
scan.mzML <- deprofile.scan(scan.mzML.profile)
close(mzrFile)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

exportMassbank 31

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Export internally stored MassBank data to files

#### **Description**

Exports MassBank recfile data arrays and corresponding molfiles to physical files on hard disk, for one compound.

## Usage

```
exportMassbank(compiled, molfile = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

compiled RmbSpectraSet the spectra of one compound for which files should be exported

molfile A molfile from createMolfile; deprecated since molfiles are not used by Mass-

Bank anymore.

#### **Details**

The data from compiled is still used here, because it contains the "visible" accession number. In the plain-text format contained in files, the accession number is not "accessible" anymore since it's in the file.

#### Value

No return value.

## Note

An improvement would be to write the accession numbers into names(compiled) and later into names(files) so compiled wouldn't be needed here anymore. (The compound ID would have to go into names(molfile), since it is also retrieved from compiled.)

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### References

MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord\_en.pdf

## See Also

createMolfile, toMassbank, mbWorkflow

32 filterCompoundlist

fillback

Fill back reanalyzed / refiltered peak info into spectra

## **Description**

This method takes the info which is added to the aggregated table in the reanalysis and multiplicity filtering steps of the workflow, and adds it back into the spectra.

#### Usage

```
fillback(o, id, aggregated)
## S4 method for signature 'msmsWorkspace,missing,missing'
fillback(o)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSet,missing,data.frame'
fillback(o, aggregated)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2,character,data.frame'
fillback(o, id, aggregated)
```

## **Arguments**

0	msmsWorkspace, RmbSpectraSet or RmbSpectrum2 The object information is filled back into. If applied to an RmbSpectraSet, information is added to all its RmbSpectrum2 children. If applied to the whole msmsWorkspace, information is added to all SpectraSets.
id	character or missing The id of the parent RmbSpectraSet if applied to RmbSpectrum2 $$
aggregated	data.frame or missing The aggregated table of the parent msmsWorkspace if applied to RmbSpectraSet or RmbSpectrum2

#### Value

o msmsWorkspace, RmbSpectraSet or Rmbspectrum2 The same object that was given as input with new information filled into it

 $\verb|filterCompoundlist|\\$ 

Filter a Compoundlist for missing SMILES values

## **Description**

Read the Compoundlist given by the filename and write a 'Compoundlist\_filtered.csv', containing only the lines with a SMILES string

#### Usage

```
filterCompoundlist(filename)
```

filterLowaccResults 33

#### **Arguments**

filename character The name of the csv-file to be read

#### Value

This method has no return value.

#### Author(s)

pstahlhofen

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    filterCompoundlist('Compoundlist.csv')
## End(Not run)
```

filterLowaccResults

Filter peaks with low accuracy

#### **Description**

Filters a peak table (with annotated formulas) for accuracy. Low-accuracy peaks are removed.

#### Usage

```
filterLowaccResults(peaks, mode="fine", filterSettings = getOption("RMassBank")$filterSettings)
```

## **Arguments**

peaks A data frame with at least the columns mzFound and dppm.

mode coarse or fine, see below.

filterSettings Settings for filtering. For details, see documentation of analyzeMsMs

#### **Details**

In the coarse mode, mass tolerance is set to 10 ppm (above m/z 120) and 15 ppm (below m/z 120). This is useful for formula assignment before recalibration, where a wide window is desirable to accommodate the high mass deviations at low m/z values, so we get a nice recalibration curve.

In the fine run, the mass tolerance is set to 5 ppm over the whole mass range. This should be applied after recalibration.

#### Value

A list(TRUE = goodPeakDataframe, FALSE = badPeakDataframe) is returned: A data frame with all peaks which are "good" is in return[["TRUE"]].

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

34 filterMultiplicity

#### See Also

```
analyzeMsMs, filterPeakSatellites
```

## **Examples**

```
# from analyzeMsMs:
## Not run: childPeaksFilt <- filterLowaccResults(childPeaksInt, filterMode)</pre>
```

filterMultiplicity

*filterMultiplicity* 

#### **Description**

Multiplicity filtering: Removes peaks which occur only once in a n-spectra set.

## Usage

```
filterMultiplicity(w, archivename=NA, mode="pH", recalcBest = TRUE,
    multiplicityFilter = getOption("RMassBank")$multiplicityFilter)
```

#### **Arguments**

w Workspace containing the data to be processed (aggregate table and RmbSpectraSet

objects)

archivename The archive name, used for generation of archivename\_Failpeaks.csv

mode Mode of ion analysis

recalcBest Boolean, whether to recalculate the formula multiplicity after the first multiplic-

ity filtering step. Sometimes, setting this to FALSE can be a solution if you have many compounds with e.g. fluorine atoms, which often have multiple assigned

formulas per peak and might occasionally lose peaks because of that.

multiplicityFilter

Threshold for the multiplicity filter. If set to 1, no filtering will apply (minimum 1 occurrence of peak). 2 equals minimum 2 occurrences etc.

## **Details**

This function executes multiplicity filtering for a set of spectra using the workhorse function filterPeaksMultiplicity (see details there) and retrieves problematic filtered peaks (peaks which are of high intensity but were discarded, because either no formula was assigned or it was not present at least 2x), using the workhorse function problematicPeaks. The results are returned in a format ready for further processing with mbWorkflow.

filterPeakSatellites 35

#### Value

A list object with values:

peaks0K Peaks with >1-fold formula multiplicity from the "normal" peak analysis.

peaksReanOK Peaks with >1-fold formula multiplicity from peak reanalysis.

peaksFiltered All peaks with annotated formula multiplicity from first analysis.

peaksFilteredReanalysis

All peaks with annotated formula multiplicity from peak reanalysis.

peaksProblematic

Peaks with high intensity which do not match inclusion criteria -> possible false negatives. The list will be exported into archivename\_failpeaks.csv.

#### Author(s)

Michael Strays

#### See Also

```
filter {\tt Peaks Multiplicity}, problematic {\tt Peaks}
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    refilteredRcSpecs <- filterMultiplicity(
    w, "myarchive", "pH")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

filterPeakSatellites Filter satellite peaks

#### **Description**

Filters satellite peaks in FT spectra which arise from FT artifacts and from conversion to stick mode. A very simple rule is used which holds mostly true for MSMS spectra (and shouldn't be applied to MS1 spectra which contain isotope structures...)

#### Usage

```
filterPeakSatellites(peaks, filterSettings = getOption("RMassBank")$filterSettings)
```

## **Arguments**

peaks A peak dataframe with at least the columns mz, int. Note that mz is used even

for the recalibrated spectra, i.e. the desatellited spectrum is identical for both

the unrecalibrated and the recalibrated spectra.

settings.

#### **Details**

The function cuts off all peaks within 0.5 m/z from every peak, in decreasing intensity order, which are below 5 intensity. E.g. for peaks m/z=100, int=100; m/z=100.2, int=2, m/z=100.3, int=6, m/z 150, int=10: The most intense peak (m/z=100) is selected, all neighborhood peaks below 5 peak) and the next less intense peak is selected. Here this is the m/z=150 peak. All low-intensity neighborhood peaks are removed (nothing). The next less intense peak is selected (m/z=100.3) and again neighborhood peaks are cut away (nothing to cut here. Note that the m/z = 100.2 peak was alredy removed.)

#### Value

Returns the peak table with satellite peaks removed.

#### Note

This is a very crude rule, but works remarkably well for our spectra.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### See Also

```
analyzeMsMs, filterLowaccResults
```

## **Examples**

```
# From the workflow:
## Not run:
    # Filter out satellite peaks:
    shot <- filterPeakSatellites(shot)
    shot_satellite_n <- setdiff(row.names(shot_full), row.names(shot))
    shot_satellite <- shot_full[shot_satellite_n,]
    # shot_satellite contains the peaks which were eliminated as satellites.
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
filterPeaksMultiplicity
```

Multiplicity filtering: Removes peaks which occur only once in a n-spectra set.

## **Description**

For every compound, every peak (with annotated formula) is compared across all spectra. Peaks whose formula occurs only once for all collision energies / spectra types, are discarded. This eliminates "stochastic formula hits" of pure electronic noise peaks efficiently from the spectra. Note that in the author's experimental setup two spectra were recorded at every collision energy, and therefore every peak-formula should appear at least twice if it is real, even if it is by chance a fragment which appears on only one collision energy setting. The function was not tested in a different setup. Therefore, use with a bit of caution.

findEIC 37

## Usage

```
filterPeaksMultiplicity(w, recalcBest = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

W

a 'msmsWorkspace' object where formulas have been assigned to peaks

recalcBest

Whether the best formula for each peak should be re-determined. This is necessary for results from the ordinary analyzeMsMs analysis which allows multiple potential formulas per peak - the old best match could potentially have been dropped because of multiplicity filtering. For results from reanalyzeFailpeak this is not necessary, since only one potential formula is assigned in this case.

## Value

The peak table is returned, enriched with columns:

formulaMultiplicityThe # of occurrences of this formula in the spectra of its compounds.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, EAWAG <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    peaksFiltered <- filterPeaksMultiplicity(peaksMatched(w),
        "formula", TRUE)
    peaksOK <- subset(peaksFiltered, formulaMultiplicity > 1)
## End(Not run)
```

findEIC

Extract EICs

# **Description**

Extract EICs from raw data for a determined mass window.

## Usage

```
findEIC(
  msRaw,
  mz,
  limit = NULL,
  rtLimit = NA,
  headerCache = NULL,
  floatingRecalibration = NULL,
  peaksCache = NULL,
  polarity = NA,
  msLevel = 1,
  precursor = NULL
```

38 findMass

## **Arguments**

The mzR file handle msRaw The mass or mass range to extract the EIC for: either a single mass (with the mz range specified by limit below) or a mass range in the form of c(min, max). limit If a single mass was given for mz: the mass window to extract. A limit of 0.001 means that the EIC will be returned for [mz - 0.001, mz + 0.001]. rtLimit If given, the retention time limits in form c(rtmin, rtmax) in seconds. headerCache If present, the complete mzR::header(msRaw). Passing this value is useful if spectra for multiple compounds should be extracted from the same mzML file, since it avoids getting the data freshly from msRaw for every compound. floatingRecalibration A fitting function that predict()s a mass shift based on the retention time. Can be used if a lockmass calibration is known (however you have to build the calibration yourself.) If present, the complete output of mzR::peaks(msRaw). This speeds up the peaksCache lookup if multiple compounds should be searched in the same file. If a value is given, scans are filtered to this polarity before EIC extraction. Valid polarity values are 1 for positive, 0 for negative (according to mzR), or a RMassBank 'mode' (e.g. 'pH, pM, mH...') from which the polarity can be derived.

Which MS level to target for EIC extraction. By default this is 1; level 2 can be used to extract the EIC of fragments for a specific precursor or to extract EICs

from DIA data.

precursor Which precursor to target for EIC extraction. If 'NULL', the scans are not

filtered by precursor. Use this only for 'msLevel != 1'. If a 'precursor' filter is

set for 'msLevel == 1', all scans will be filtered out.

# Value

msLevel

A [rt, intensity, scan] matrix (scan being the scan number.)

#### Author(s)

Michael A. Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

#### See Also

findMsMsHR

findMass	Calculate exact mass
1 111UMASS	Caiculate exact mass

## **Description**

Retrieves the exact mass of the uncharged molecule. It works directly from the SMILES and therefore is used in the MassBank workflow (mbWorkflow) - there, all properties are calculated from the SMILES code retrieved from the database. (Alternatively, takes also the compound ID as parameter and looks it up.) Calculation relies on Rcdk.

findMsMsHR 39

#### Usage

```
findMass(cpdID_or_smiles, retrieval = "standard", mode = "pH")
```

## **Arguments**

cpdID\_or\_smiles

SMILES code or compound ID of the molecule. (Numerics are treated as com-

pound ID).

retrieval A value that determines whether the files should be handled either as "standard",

if the compoundlist is complete, "tentative", if at least a formula is present or

"unknown" if the only know thing is the m/z

mode "pH", "pNa", "pM", "pNH4", "mH", "mFA" for different ions ([M+H]+,

[M+Na]+, [M]+, [M+NH4]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-). Only needed for re-

trieval="unknown"

## Value

Returns the exact mass of the uncharged molecule.

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### See Also

findMz

# **Examples**

```
##
findMass("OC[C@H]10C(0)[C@H](0)[C@@H](0)[C@@H]10")
```

findMsMsHR

Extract MS/MS spectra for specified precursor

# **Description**

Extracts MS/MS spectra from LC-MS raw data for a specified precursor, specified either via the RMassBank compound list (see loadList) or via a mass.

# Usage

```
findMsMsHR(
  fileName = NULL,
  msRaw = NULL,
  cpdID,
  mode = "pH",
  confirmMode = 0,
  useRtLimit = TRUE,
  ppmFine = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$ppmFine,
```

40 findMsMsHR

```
mzCoarse = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$mzCoarse,
 fillPrecursorScan = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$fillPrecursorScan,
  rtMargin = getOption("RMassBank")$rtMargin,
  deprofile = getOption("RMassBank")$deprofile,
 headerCache = NULL,
 peaksCache = NULL,
 enforcePolarity = getOption("RMassBank")$enforcePolarity,
  diaWindows = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$diaWindows
findMsMsHR.mass(
 msRaw,
 mz,
 limit.coarse,
 limit.fine,
  rtLimits = NA,
 maxCount = NA,
 headerCache = NULL,
  fillPrecursorScan = FALSE,
  deprofile = getOption("RMassBank")$deprofile,
 peaksCache = NULL,
 cpdID = NA,
 polarity = NA,
  diaWindows = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$diaWindows
)
```

## **Arguments**

fileName The file to open and search the MS2 spectrum in.

msRaw The opened raw file (mzR file handle) to search the MS2 spectrum in. Specify

either this or fileName.

cpdID The compound ID in the compound list (see loadList) to use for formula

lookup. Note: In \codefindMsMsHR.mass, this is entirely optional and used only in case a warning must be displayed; compound lookup is done via mass

only.

mode The processing mode (determines which ion/adduct is searched): "pH", "pNa",

"pM", "pNH4", "mH", "mM", "mFA" for different ions ([M+H]+, [M+Na]+, [M]+,

[M+NH4]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-).

confirmMode Whether to use the highest-intensity precursor (=0), second- highest (=1), third-

highest (=2)...

useRtLimit Whether to respect retention time limits from the compound list.

ppmFine The limit in ppm to use for fine limit (see below) calculation.

mzCoarse The coarse limit to use for locating potential MS2 scans: this tolerance is used

when finding scans with a suitable precursor ion value.

fillPrecursorScan

If TRUE, the precursor scan will be filled from MS1 data. To be used for data

where the precursor scan is not stored in the raw data.

rtMargin The retention time tolerance to use.

deprofile Whether deprofiling should take place, and what method should be used (cf.

deprofile)

findMsMsHR 41

headerCache If present, the complete mzR::header(msRaw). Passing this value is useful if spectra for multiple compounds should be extracted from the same mzML file, since it avoids getting the data freshly from msRaw for every compound. peaksCache If present, the complete output of mzR::peaks(msRaw). This speeds up the lookup if multiple compounds should be searched in the same file. enforcePolarity If TRUE, scans are filtered for the given 'mode''s polarity when finding the target spectrum. diaWindows A data frame with columns precursorMz, mzMin, mzMax which specifies the precursor and window size of each window for DIA acquisition. m7 The mass to use for spectrum search. limit.coarse Parameter in findMsMsHR.mass corresponding to mzCoarse. (The parameters are distinct to clearly conceptually distinguish findMsMsHR.mass (a standalone useful function) from the cpdID based functions (workflow functions).) limit.fine The fine limit to use for locating MS2 scans: this tolerance is used when locating an appropriate analyte peak in the MS1 precursor spectrum. rtLimits c(min, max): Minimum and maximum retention time to use when locating the MS2 scans. maxCount The maximal number of spectra groups to return. One spectra group consists of all data-dependent scans from the same precursor whose precursor mass matches the specified search mass. polarity If set (for ?findMsMsHR.mass), scans are filtered for the given 'mode''s polarity

## **Details**

Different versions of the function get the data from different sources. Note that findMsMsHR and findMsMsHR.direct differ mainly in that findMsMsHR opens a file whereas findMsMs.direct uses an open file handle - both are intended to be used in a full process which involves compound lists etc. In contrast, findMsMsHR.mass is a low-level function which uses the mass directly for lookup and is intended for use as a standalone function in unrelated applications.

when finding the target spectrum.

## Value

An RmbSpectraSet (for findMsMsHR). Contains parent MS1 spectrum (@parent), a block of dependent MS2 spectra ((@children) and some metadata (id,mz,name,mode in which the spectrum was acquired.

For findMsMsHR.mass: a list of RmbSpectraSets as defined above, sorted by decreasing precursor intensity.

# **Functions**

• findMsMsHR.mass(): A submethod of find MsMsHR that retrieves basic spectrum data

#### Note

findMsMs.direct is deactivated

## Author(s)

Michael A. Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

42 findMsMsHR.direct

## See Also

findEIC

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    loadList("mycompoundlist.csv")
    # if Atrazine has compound ID 1:
    msms_atrazine <- findMsMsHR(fileName = "Atrazine_0001_pos.mzML", cpdID = 1, mode = "pH")
    # Or alternatively:
    msRaw <- openMsfile("Atrazine_0001_pos.mzML")
    msms_atrazine <- findMsMsHR(msRaw=msRaw, cpdID = 1, mode = "pH")
    # Or directly by mass (this will return a list of spectra sets):
    mz <- findMz(1)$mzCenter
    msms_atrazine_all <- findMsMsHR.mass(msRaw, mz, 1, ppm(msRaw, 10, p=TRUE))
    msms_atrazine <- msms_atrazine_all[[1]]

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

findMsMsHR.direct

Discontinued: find MS/MS spectrum from open raw file

# **Description**

This interface has been discontinued. findMsMsHR now supports the same parameters (use named parameters).

# Usage

```
findMsMsHR.direct(
   msRaw,
   cpdID,
   mode = "pH",
   confirmMode = 0,
   useRtLimit = TRUE,
   ppmFine = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$ppmFine,
   mzCoarse = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$mzCoarse,
   fillPrecursorScan = getOption("RMassBank")$findMsMsRawSettings$fillPrecursorScan,
   rtMargin = getOption("RMassBank")$rtMargin,
   deprofile = getOption("RMassBank")$deprofile,
   headerCache = NULL
```

#### **Arguments**

```
\begin{array}{lll} \text{msRaw} & x \\ \text{cpdID} & x \\ \text{mode} & x \\ \text{confirmMode} & x \\ \text{useRtLimit} & x \\ \end{array}
```

findMsMsHR.ticms2 43

```
\begin{array}{cccc} \mathsf{ppmFine} & x \\ \mathsf{mzCoarse} & x \\ \mathsf{fillPrecursorScan} & x \\ \mathsf{rtMargin} & x \\ \mathsf{deprofile} & x \\ \mathsf{headerCache} & x \end{array}
```

# Value

an error

## Author(s)

stravsmi

findMsMsHR.ticms2

Extract an MS/MS spectrum from MS2 TIC

# **Description**

Extract an MS/MS spectrum or multiple MS/MS spectra based on the TIC of the MS2 and precursor mass, picking the most intense MS2 scan. Can be used, for example, to get a suitable MS2 from direct infusion data which was collected with purely targeted MS2 without MS1.

# Usage

```
findMsMsHR.ticms2(
   msRaw,
   mz,
   limit.coarse,
   limit.fine,
   rtLimits = NA,
   maxCount = NA,
   headerCache = NULL,
   fillPrecursorScan = FALSE,
   deprofile = getOption("RMassBank")$deprofile,
   trace = "ms2tic"
)
```

# Arguments

msRaw	The mzR raw file
mz	Mass to find
limit.coarse	Allowed mass deviation for scan precursor (in m/z values)
limit.fine	Unused here, but present for interface compatiblity with findMsMsHR
rtLimits	Unused here, but present for interface compatiblity with findMsMsHR
maxCount	Maximal number of spectra to return

headerCache Cached results of header(msRaw), either to speed up the operations or to operate

with preselected header() data

fillPrecursorScan

Unused here, but present for interface compatiblity with findMsMsHR

deprofile Whether deprofiling should take place, and what method should be used (cf.

deprofile)

trace Either "ms2tic" or "ms2basepeak": Which intensity trace to use - can be either

the TIC of the MS2 or the basepeak intensity of the MS2.

#### **Details**

Note that this is not a precise function and only really makes sense in direct infusion and if the precursor is really known, because MS2 precursor data is only "roughly" accurate (to 2 dp). The regular findMsMsHR functions confirm the exact mass of the precursor in the MS1 scan.

## Value

a list of "spectrum sets" as defined in findMsMsHR, sorted by decreasing precursor intensity.

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

findMsMsHRperMsp

Retrieve spectra from msp files

## **Description**

This function is currently used to read msp files containing data that were already processed in order to convert the results to MassBank records.

# Usage

```
findMsMsHRperMsp(fileName, cpdIDs, mode = "pH")
findMsMsHRperMsp.direct(fileName, cpdIDs, mode = "pH")
```

# **Arguments**

fileName vector of character-strings The msp files to be searched for spectra

cpdIDs vector of integers The IDs of compounds in the compoundlist for which spectra

should be retrieved

mode character, default: "pH" The processing mode that was used to produce the spec-

trum. Should be one of "pH": ([M+H]+) "pNa": ([M+Na]+) "pM": ([M]+)

"mH": ([M-H]-) or "mFA": ([M+FA]-) (see the RMassBank vignette)

## Value

An RmbSpectraSet with integrated information from the msp files

findMsMsHRperxcms 45

#### **Functions**

• findMsMsHRperMsp.direct(): A submethod of findMsMsHrperxcms that retrieves basic spectrum data

findMsMsHRperxcms

Read in mz-files using XCMS

## **Description**

Picks peaks from mz-files and returns the pseudospectra that CAMERA creates with the help of XCMS

# Usage

```
findMsMsHRperxcms(
   fileName,
   cpdID,
   mode = "pH",
   findPeaksArgs = NULL,
   plots = FALSE,
   MSe = FALSE
)

findMsMsHRperxcms.direct(
   fileName,
   cpdID,
   mode = "pH",
   findPeaksArgs = NULL,
   plots = FALSE,
   MSe = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

fileName The path to the mz-file that should be read

cpdID The compoundID(s) of the compound that has been used for the file

mode The ionization mode that has been used for the spectrum represented by the

peaklist

findPeaksArgs A list of arguments that will be handed to the xcms-method findPeaks via do.call plots A parameter that determines whether the spectra should be plotted or not

MSe A boolean value that determines whether the spectra were recorded using MSe

or not

# Value

The spectra generated from XCMS

# **Functions**

• findMsMsHRperxcms.direct(): A submethod of findMsMsHrperxcms that retrieves basic spectrum data

46 findMz

#### Author(s)

Erik Mueller

#### See Also

msmsWorkflow toRMB

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    fileList <- list.files(system.file("XCMSinput", package = "RMassBank"), "Glucolesquerellin", full.names=TRUI
    loadList(system.file("XCMSinput/compoundList.csv",package="RMassBank"))
        psp <- findMsMsHRperxcms(fileList,2184)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

findMz

Find compound information

# **Description**

Retrieves compound information from the loaded compound list or calculates it from the SMILES code in the list.

# Usage

```
findMz(cpdID, mode = "pH", ppm = 10, deltaMz = 0, retrieval="standard",
unknownMass = getOption("RMassBank")$unknownMass )

findRt(cpdID)

findSmiles(cpdID)

findFormula(cpdID, retrieval="standard")

findCAS(cpdID)

findName(cpdID)

findLevel(cpdID, compact=FALSE)
```

# **Arguments**

cpdID The compound ID in the compound list.

mode Specifies the species of the molecule: An empty string specifies uncharged

monoisotopic mass, pH (positive H) specifies [M+H]+, pNa specifies [M+Na]+, pM specifies [M]+, mH and mFA specify [M-H]- and [M+FA]-, respectively. (I apologize for the naming of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has absolutely nothing to do with chemical transfer of pH which has a property of pH wh

ical *pH* values.)

ppm Specifies ppm window (10 ppm will return the range of the molecular mass +

and - 10 ppm).

findMz.formula 47

deltaMz	Specifies additional m/z window to add to the range (deltaMz = $0.02$ will return the range of the molecular mass +- $0.02$ (and additionally +- the set ppm value).
retrieval	A value that determines whether the files should be handled either as "standard", if the compoundlist is complete, "tentative", if at least a formula is present or "unknown" if the only know thing is the m/z
unknownMass	'charged' or 'neutral' ('charged' assumed by default) specifies whether a mass of an unknown compound (level 5) refers to the charged or neutral mass (and correspondingly, whether it must be shifted or not to find the m/z value)
compact	Only for findLevel, returns the "retrieval" parameter used for many functions within RMassBank if TRUE

# Value

findMz will return a list(mzCenter=, mzMin=, mzMax=) with the molecular weight of the given ion, as calculated from the SMILES code and Rcdk.

findRt, findSmiles,findCAS,findName will return the corresponding entry from the compound list. findFormula returns the molecular formula as determined from the SMILES code.

# Author(s)

Michael Stravs

## See Also

```
findMass, loadList, findMz.formula
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: %
findMz(123, "pH", 5)
findFormula(123)
## End(Not run)
```

findMz.formula

Find the exact mass +/- a given margin for a given formula or its ions and adducts.

# Description

Find the exact mass +/- a given margin for a given formula or its ions and adducts.

# Usage

```
findMz.formula(formula, mode = "pH", ppm = 10, deltaMz = 0)
```

48 findProgress

## **Arguments**

formula The molecular formula in text or list format (see formulastring.to.list

mode "pH", "pNa", "pM", "pNH4", "mH", "mM", "mFA" for different ions ([M+H]+,

[M+Na]+, [M]+, [M+NH4]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-). "" for the uncharged

molecule.

ppm The ppm margin to add/subtract

deltaMz The absolute mass to add/subtract. Cumulative with ppm

## Value

A list(mzMin=, mzCenter=, mzMax=) with the masses.

# Author(s)

Michael A. Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

#### See Also

findMz

# **Examples**

findMz.formula("C6H6")

findProgress

Determine processed steps

# Description

This function reads out the content of different slots of the workspace object and finds out which steps have already been processed on it.

# Usage

findProgress(workspace)

## **Arguments**

workspace

A msmsWorkspace object.

# Value

An array containing all msmsWorkflow steps which have likely been processed.

# Author(s)

Stravs MA, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

flatten 49

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
findProgress(w)
## End(Not run)
```

flatten

Flatten, or re-read, MassBank header blocks

# **Description**

flatten converts a list of MassBank compound information sets (as retrieved by gatherData) to a flat table, to be exported into an infolist. readMbdata reads a single record from an infolist flat table back into a MassBank (half-)entry.

# Usage

```
flatten(mbdata)
readMbdata(row)
```

## **Arguments**

mbdata A list of MassBank compound information sets as returned from gatherData.

row One row of MassBank compound information retrieved from an infolist.

# **Details**

Neither the flattening system itself nor the implementation are particularly fantastic, but since hand-checking of records is a necessary evil, there is currently no alternative (short of coding a complete GUI for this and working directly on the records.)

## Value

```
flatten returns a tibble (not a data frame or matrix) to be written to CSV. readMbdata returns a list of type list(id= compoundID, . . . , 'ACCESSION' = '', 'RECORD_TITLE' = '', ) etc.
```

# Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### References

MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord\_en.pdf

# See Also

```
gatherData,loadInfolist
```

50 formulastring.to.list

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Collect some data to flatten
ids <- c(40,50,60,70)
data <- lapply(ids, gatherData)
# Flatten the data trees to a table
flat.table <- flatten(data)
# reimport the table into a tree
data.reimported <- apply(flat.table, 1, readMbdata)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

formulastring.to.list Interconvert molecular formula representations

# **Description**

Converts molecular formulas from string to list representation or vice versa.

# Usage

```
list.to.formula(flist)
formulastring.to.list(formula)
```

## **Arguments**

formula A molecular formula in string format, e.g. "C6H12O6".

flist A molecular formula in list format, e.g. list("C" = 6,"H" = 12, "0" = 6).

# **Details**

The function doesn't care about whether your formula makes sense. However, "C3.504" will give list("C" = 3, "0" = 4) because regular expressions are used for matching (however, list("C" = 3.5, "0" = 4) gives "C3.504".) Duplicate elements cause problems; only "strict" molecular formulas ("CH4O", but not "CH3OH") work correctly.

## Value

list.to.formula returns a string representation of the formula; formulastring.to.list returns the list representation.

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

# See Also

```
add.formula, order.formula, is.valid.formula
```

gatherCCTE 51

## **Examples**

```
#
list.to.formula(list("C" = 4, "H" = 12))
# This is also OK and useful to calculate e.g. adducts or losses.
list.to.formula(list("C" = 4, "H" = -1))
formulastring.to.list(list.to.formula(formulastring.to.list("CHIBr")))
```

gatherCCTE

Retrieve supplemental annotation data from US EPA

## **Description**

Retrieves annotation data for a compound from the internet service US EPA CCTE based on the inchikey generated by babel or Cactus

## Usage

```
gatherCCTE(key, api_key)
```

## **Arguments**

key An Inchi-Key or other chemical identifier (e.g. Chemical name, DTXSID, CASRN,

InChIKey, DTXCID)

api\_key An US EPA CCTE API key (personal or application)

## **Details**

The data retrieved is the US EPA DTXSID, the US EPA chemical dashboard substance ID, the CAS-RN, the DTX preferred name, and the DTXCID (chemical ID).

# Value

Returns a list with 5 slots: dtxsid The US EPA chemical dashboard substance id dtxcid The US EPA chemical dashboard chemical id preferredName The US EPA chemical dashboard preferred name casrn The latest CAS registration number smiles The SMILES annotation of the structure

#### Author(s)

**Tobias Schulze** 

#### References

```
CCTE REST: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs/
```

## See Also

mbWorkflow

```
# Gather data for compound ID 131
## Not run: gatherCCTE("QEIXBXXKTUNWDK-UHFFFAOYSA-N", api_key = NA)
```

52 gatherData

gatherData

Retrieve annotation data

## **Description**

Retrieves annotation data for a compound from the internet services CTS, Pubchem, Chemspider and Cactvs, based on the SMILES code and name of the compounds stored in the compound list.

#### Usage

```
gatherData(id)
```

#### **Arguments**

id

The compound ID.

## **Details**

Composes the "upper part" of a MassBank record filled with chemical data about the compound: name, exact mass, structure, CAS no., links to PubChem, KEGG, ChemSpider. The instrument type is also written into this block (even if not strictly part of the chemical information). Additionally, index fields are added at the start of the record, which will be removed later: id, dbcas, dbname from the compound list, dataused to indicate the used identifier for CTS search (smiles or dbname).

Additionally, the fields ACCESSION and RECORD\_TITLE are inserted empty and will be filled later on.

# Value

```
Returns a list of type list(id= compoundID, ..., 'ACCESSION' = '', 'RECORD_TITLE' = '', ) etc.
```

## Author(s)

Michael Strays

# References

```
Chemical Translation Service: http://uranus.fiehnlab.ucdavis.edu:8080/cts/homePage cactus Chemical Identifier Resolver: http://cactus.nci.nih.gov/chemical/structure MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord_en.pdf Pubchem REST: https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pug_rest/PUG_REST.html Chemspider InChI conversion: https://www.chemspider.com/InChI.asmx
```

#### See Also

mbWorkflow

```
# Gather data for compound ID 131
## Not run: gatherData(131)
```

gatherDataBabel 53

gatherDataBabel

Retrieve annotation data

## **Description**

Retrieves annotation data for a compound by using babel, based on the SMILES code and name of the compounds stored in the compound list.

# Usage

```
gatherDataBabel(id)
```

# **Arguments**

id

The compound ID.

#### **Details**

Composes the "upper part" of a MassBank record filled with chemical data about the compound: name, exact mass, structure, CAS no.. The instrument type is also written into this block (even if not strictly part of the chemical information). Additionally, index fields are added at the start of the record, which will be removed later: id, dbcas, dbname from the compound list.

Additionally, the fields ACCESSION and RECORD\_TITLE are inserted empty and will be filled later on.

This function is an alternative to gatherData, in case CTS is down or if information on one or more of the compounds in the compound list are sparse

#### Value

```
Returns a list of type list(id= compoundID, ..., 'ACCESSION' = '', 'RECORD_TITLE' = '', ) etc.
```

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Erik Mueller

## References

MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord\_en.pdf

# See Also

mbWorkflow

```
# Gather data for compound ID 131
## Not run: gatherDataBabel(131)
```

54 gatherDataUnknown

gatherDataUnknown Retrieve annotation data

# **Description**

Retrieves annotation data for an unknown compound by using basic information present

## Usage

```
gatherDataUnknown(id, mode, retrieval)
```

## **Arguments**

id The compound ID.

mode "pH", "pNa", "pM", "pNH4", "mH", "mM", "mFA" for different ions ([M+H]+,

[M+Na]+, [M]+, [M+NH4]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-).

retrieval A value that determines whether the files should be handled either as "standard",

if the compoundlist is complete, "tentative", if at least a formula is present or

"unknown" if the only know thing is the m/z

## **Details**

Composes the "upper part" of a MassBank record filled with chemical data about the compound: name, exact mass, structure, CAS no.. The instrument type is also written into this block (even if not strictly part of the chemical information). Additionally, index fields are added at the start of the record, which will be removed later: id, dbcas, dbname from the compound list.

Additionally, the fields ACCESSION and RECORD\_TITLE are inserted empty and will be filled later on

This function is used to generate the data in case a substance is unknown, i.e. not enough information is present to derive anything about formulas or links

## Value

```
Returns a list of type list(id= compoundID, ..., 'ACCESSION' = '', 'RECORD_TITLE' = '', ) etc.
```

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Erik Mueller

## References

MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord\_en.pdf

# See Also

mbWorkflow

gatherPubChem 55

## **Examples**

```
# Gather data for compound ID 131
## Not run: gatherDataUnknown(131,"pH")
```

gatherPubChem

Retrieve supplemental annotation data from Pubchem

# Description

Retrieves annotation data for a compound from the internet service Pubchem based on the inchikey generated by babel or Cactus

# Usage

```
gatherPubChem(key)
```

# **Arguments**

key

An Inchi-Key

## **Details**

The data retrieved is the Pubchem CID, a synonym from the Pubchem database, the IUPAC name (using the preferred if available) and a Chebi link

## Value

Returns a list with 4 slots: PcID The Pubchem CID Synonym An arbitrary synonym for the compound name IUPAC A IUPAC-name (preferred if available) Chebi The identification number of the chebi database

# Author(s)

Erik Mueller

# References

```
Pubchem REST: https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pug_rest/PUG_REST.html Chebi: http:
//www.ebi.ac.uk/chebi
```

#### See Also

mbWorkflow |

```
# Gather data for compound ID 131
## Not run: gatherPubChem("QEIXBXXKTUNWDK-UHFFFAOYSA-N")
```

56 getCactus

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Get analytical info for MassBank record

# **Description**

Collects the info for 'ai, ac\_lc, ac\_ms' for general, LC and MS info respectively. The info comes from the settings except for the compound-specific part, which is omitted if there is no 'cpd' speci-

## Usage

```
getAnalyticalInfo(cpd = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

cpd

A 'RmbSpectraSet' object

getCactus

Retrieve information from Cactus

# **Description**

Retrieves information from the Cactus Chemical Identifier Resolver (PubChem).

# Usage

```
getCactus(identifier, representation)
```

# **Arguments**

identifier

Any identifier interpreted by the resolver, e.g. an InChI key or a SMILES code. representation The desired representation, as required from the resolver. e.g. stdinchikey,

chemspider\_id, formula... Refer to the webpage for details.

# **Details**

It is not necessary to specify in which format the identifier is. Somehow, cactus does this automatically.

#### Value

The result of the query, in plain text. Can be NA, or one or multiple lines (character array) of results.

# Note

Note that the InChI key is retrieved with a prefix (InChIkey=), which must be removed for most database searches in other databases (e.g. CTS).

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

getCASRN 57

## References

```
cactus Chemical Identifier Resolver: http://cactus.nci.nih.gov/chemical/structure
```

## See Also

```
getCtsRecord, getPcId
```

# **Examples**

```
# Benzene:
getCactus("C1=CC=CC=C1", "cas")
getCactus("C1=CC=CC=C1", "stdinchikey")
getCactus("C1=CC=CC=C1", "chemspider_id")
```

getCASRN

Search CCTE CAS registration number

# **Description**

Retrieves CCTE CASRN from US EPA for a search term.

# Usage

```
getCASRN(key, api_key)
```

# Arguments

key ID to be converted api\_key API key for CCTE

# **Details**

Only the first result is returned currently. The function should be regarded as experimental and has not thoroughly been tested.

# Value

```
The CCTE CAS RN (in string type)
```

# Author(s)

Tobias Schulze

# References

```
CCTE search: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
CCTE REST: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
```

58 getCSID

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
getCASRN("MKXZASYAUGDDCJ-NJAFHUGGSA-N")
## End(Not run)
```

getCSID

Retrieve the Chemspider ID for a given compound

# Description

Given an InChIKey, this function queries the chemspider web API to retrieve the Chemspider ID of he compound with that InChIkey.

# Usage

```
getCSID(query)
```

# **Arguments**

query

The InChIKey of the compound

# Value

Returns the chemspide

# Author(s)

```
Michele Stravs, Eawag <stravsmi@eawag.ch>
```

Erik Mueller, UFZ <erik.mueller@ufz.de>

```
## Not run:
# Return all CAS registry numbers stored for benzene.
data <- getCtsRecord("UHOVQNZJYSORNB-UHFFFAOYSA-N")
cas <- CTS.externalIdSubset(data, "CAS")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getCtsKey 59

getCtsKey

Convert a single ID to another using CTS.

# Description

Convert a single ID to another using CTS.

# Usage

```
getCtsKey(query, from = "Chemical Name", to = "InChIKey")
```

# **Arguments**

query ID to be converted from Type of input ID to Desired output ID

# Value

An unordered array with the resulting converted key(s).

## Author(s)

Michele Stravs, Eawag <stravsmi@eawag.ch>

# **Examples**

```
k \leftarrow getCtsKey("benzene", "Chemical Name", "InChIKey")
```

getCtsRecord

Retrieve information from CTS

# Description

Retrieves a complete CTS record from the InChI key.

## Usage

```
getCtsRecord(key)
```

## **Arguments**

key

The InChI key.

# Value

Returns a list with all information from CTS: inchikey, inchicode, formula, exactmass contain single values. synonyms contains an unordered list of scored synonyms (type, name, score, where type indicates either a normal name or a specific IUPAC name, see below). externalIds contains an unordered list of identifiers of the compound in various databases (name, value, where name is the database name and value the identifier in that database.)

getData

#### Note

Currently, the CTS results are still incomplete; the name scores are all 0, formula and exact mass return zero.

## Author(s)

Michele Stravs, Eawag <stravsmi@eawag.ch>

## References

Chemical Translation Service: https://cts.fiehnlab.ucdavis.edu

# **Examples**

```
data <- getCtsRecord("UHOVQNZJYSORNB-UHFFFAOYSA-N")
# show all synonym "types"
types <- unique(unlist(lapply(data$synonyms, function(i) i$type)))
## Not run: print(types)</pre>
```

getData

Get data frame with all present peak data

# Description

Returns a data frame with columns for all non-empty slots in a RmbSpectrum2 object. Note that MSnbase::Spectrum has a method as.data.frame, however that one will return only mz, intensity. This function is kept separate to ensure downwards compatibility since it returns more columns than MSnbase as.data.frame.

# Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2'
getData(s)
```

# **Arguments** s

The RmbS

The RmbSpectrum2 object to extract data from.

# Value

A data frame with columns for every set slot.

# Author(s)

stravsmi

getDTXCID 61

getDTXCID

Search CCTE DTXCID

# Description

Retrieves CCTE DTXCID from US EPA for a search term.

# Usage

```
getDTXCID(key, api_key)
```

# Arguments

key ID to be converted api\_key API key for CCTE

## **Details**

Only the first result is returned currently. The function should be regarded as experimental and has not thoroughly been tested.

# Value

```
The DTXCID (in string type)
```

# Author(s)

**Tobias Schulze** 

# References

```
CCTE search: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
CCTE REST: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
```

```
## Not run:
getDTXCID("MKXZASYAUGDDCJ-NJAFHUGGSA-N")
## End(Not run)
```

62 getDTXSID

getDTXSID

Search CCTE DTXSID

# Description

Retrieves CCTE DTXSID from US EPA for a search term.

# Usage

```
getDTXSID(key, api_key)
```

# Arguments

key ID to be converted api\_key API key for CCTE

## **Details**

Only the first result is returned currently. The function should be regarded as experimental and has not thoroughly been tested.

# Value

```
The DTXSID (in string type)
```

# Author(s)

**Tobias Schulze** 

# References

```
CCTE search: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
CCTE REST: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
```

```
## Not run:
getDTXSID("MKXZASYAUGDDCJ-NJAFHUGGSA-N")
## End(Not run)
```

getDTXSMILES 63

getDTXSMILES

Search CCTE SMILES

# Description

Retrieves CCTE SMILES from US EPA for a search term.

# Usage

```
getDTXSMILES(key, api_key)
```

# Arguments

key ID to be converted api\_key API key for CCTE

# **Details**

Only the first result is returned currently. The function should be regarded as experimental and has not thoroughly been tested.

# Value

```
The SMILES (in string type)
```

# Author(s)

**Tobias Schulze** 

# References

```
CCTE search: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
CCTE REST: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
```

```
## Not run:
getDTXSMILES("MKXZASYAUGDDCJ-NJAFHUGGSA-N")
## End(Not run)
```

64 getMolecule

getField

Get the content of a field in a JCAMP file

# **Description**

The content will always be returned as character-string

# Usage

```
getField(parsedJDX, field_name)
```

# **Arguments**

parsedJDX list as created by readJDX A parsed, single-block JCAMP file field\_name character The name of the field (e.g. 'CAS REGISTRY NO')

# Value

The field's content

## Author(s)

pstahlhofen

## See Also

readJDX

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    parsedJDX <- readJDX('my_singleblock_jcamp.dx')
    title <- getField(parsedJDX, "TITLE")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getMolecule

Create Rcdk molecule from SMILES

# **Description**

Generates a Rcdk molecule object from SMILES code, which is fully typed and usable (in contrast to the built-in parse.smiles).

# Usage

```
getMolecule(smiles)
```

## **Arguments**

smiles

The SMILES code of the compound.

getPcId 65

## **Details**

NOTE: As of today (2012-03-16), Rcdk discards stereochemistry when loading the SMILES code! Therefore, do not trust this function blindly, e.g. don't generate InChI keys from the result. It is, however, useful if you want to compute the mass (or something else) with Rcdk.

## Value

A Rcdk IAtomContainer reference.

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

## See Also

```
parse.smiles
```

# **Examples**

```
# Lindane:
getMolecule("C1(C(C(C(C(C1C1)C1)C1)C1)C1)C1)C1")
# Benzene:
getMolecule("C1=CC=CC=C1")
```

getPcId

Search Pubchem CID

# **Description**

Retrieves PubChem CIDs for a search term.

# Usage

```
getPcId(query, from = "inchikey")
```

# Arguments

query ID to be converted from Type of input ID

# **Details**

Only the first result is returned currently. The function should be regarded as experimental and has not thoroughly been tested.

## Value

The PubChem CID (in string type).

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Erik Mueller

66 getPrefName

## References

```
PubChem search: http://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/
```

Pubchem REST: https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pug\_rest/PUG\_REST.html

# See Also

```
getCtsRecord, getCactus
```

# **Examples**

```
getPcId("MKXZASYAUGDDCJ-NJAFHUGGSA-N")
```

getPrefName

Search CCTE Preferred Name

# Description

Retrieves CCTE Preferred Name from US EPA for a search term.

# Usage

```
getPrefName(key, api_key)
```

# Arguments

key ID to be converted api\_key API key for CCTE

# **Details**

Only the first result is returned currently. The function should be regarded as experimental and has not thoroughly been tested.

# Value

The CCTE Preferred Name (in string type)

# Author(s)

**Tobias Schulze** 

#### References

```
CCTE search: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
CCTE REST: https://api-ccte.epa.gov/docs
```

is.valid.formula 67

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
getPrefName("MKXZASYAUGDDCJ-NJAFHUGGSA-N")
## End(Not run)
```

is.valid.formula

Check validity of formula

# Description

Checks whether the formula is chemically valid, i.e. has no zero-count or negative-count elements.

# Usage

```
is.valid.formula(formula)
```

# **Arguments**

formula

A molecular formula in string or list representation ("C6H6" or list(C=6, H=6)).

# **Details**

The check is only meant to identify formulas which have negative elements, which can arise from the subtraction of adducts. It is **not** a high-level formula "validity" check like e.g. the Rcdk function isvalid.formula which uses the nitrogen rule or a DBE rule.

# Author(s)

Michael Stravs

# See Also

```
list.to.formula, add.formula, order.formula
```

```
#
is.valid.formula(list(C=0,H=1,Br=2))
is.valid.formula("CH2C1")
is.valid.formula("C0H2")
```

68 loadInfolists

loadInfolists	Load MassRe

Load MassBank compound information lists

# Description

Loads MassBank compound information lists (i.e. the lists which were created in the first two steps of the MassBank mbWorkflow and subsequently edited by hand.).

# Usage

```
loadInfolists(mb, path)
loadInfolist(mb, fileName)
resetInfolists(mb)
```

# **Arguments**

mb The mbWorkspace to load/reset the lists in.

path Directory in which the namelists reside. All CSV files in this directory will be

loaded.

fileName A single namelist to be loaded.

## **Details**

resetInfolists clears the information lists, i.e. it creates a new empty list in mbdata\_archive. loadInfolist loads a single CSV file, whereas loadInfolists loads a whole directory.

# Value

The new workspace with loaded/reset lists.

# Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Tobias Schulze

```
#
## Not run: mb <- resetInfolists(mb)
mb <- loadInfolist(mb, "my_csv_infolist.csv")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

loadList 69

loadList

Load compound list for RMassBank

# Description

Loads a CSV compound list with compound IDs

## Usage

```
loadList(path, listEnv=NULL, check=TRUE)
resetList()
```

# **Arguments**

path Path to the CSV list.

listEnv The environment to load the list into. By default, the namelist is loaded into an

environment internally in RMassBank.

check A parameter that specifies whether the SMILES-Codes in the list should be

checked for readability by rcdk.

# **Details**

The list is loaded into the variable *compoundList* in the environment listEnv (which defaults to the global environment) and used by the findMz, findCAS, ... functions. The CSV file is required to have at least the following columns, which are used for further processing and must be named correctly (but present in any order): *ID*, *Name*, *SMILES*, *RT*, *CAS* 

resetList() clears a currently loaded list.

#### Value

No return value.

# Author(s)

Michael Stravs

## See Also

findMz

```
##
## Not run: loadList("mylist.csv")
```

70 makePeaksCache

makeMollist Write list.tsv file

## **Description**

Makes a list.tsv file in the "moldata" folder.

## Usage

makeMollist(compiled)

## **Arguments**

compiled list of RmbSpectraSet compiled spectra for multiple compounds (one RmbSpectraSet

each).

## **Details**

Generates the list.tsv file which is needed by MassBank to connect records with their respective molfiles. The first compound name is linked to a mol-file with the compound ID (e.g. 2334.mol for ID 2334).

#### Value

No return value.

## Author(s)

Michael A. Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

makePeaksCache Generate peaks cache

# **Description**

Generates a peak cache table for use with findMsMsHR functions.

# Usage

makePeaksCache(msRaw, headerCache)

## **Arguments**

msRaw the input raw datafile (opened)

headerCache the cached header, or subset thereof for which peaks should be extracted. Peak

extraction goes by seqNum.

# Value

A list of dataframes as from mzR::peaks.

makeRecalibration 71

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

makeRecalibration Recalibrate MS/MS spectra

## **Description**

Recalibrates MS/MS spectra by building a recalibration curve of the assigned putative fragments of all spectra in aggregatedSpecs (measured mass vs. mass of putative associated fragment) and additionally the parent ion peaks.

# Usage

```
makeRecalibration(w,
 recalibrateBy = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateBy,
 recalibrateMS1 = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateMS1,
  recalibrator = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrator,
  recalibrateMS1Window = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateMS1Window
 recalibrateSpectra(rawspec = NULL, rc = NULL, rc.ms1=NULL, w = NULL,
 recalibrateBy = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateBy,
  recalibrateMS1 = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateMS1)
 recalibrateSingleSpec(spectrum, rc,
 recalibrateBy = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateBy)
```

## **Arguments**

W	For makeRecalibration: to perform the recalibration with. For recalibrateSpectra: the msmsWorkspace which contains the recalibration curves (alternatively to specifying rc, rc.ms1).
recalibrateBy	Whether recalibration should be done by ppm ("ppm") or by m/z ("mz").
recalibrateMS1	Whether MS1 spectra should be recalibrated separately ("separate"), together with MS2 ("common") or not at all ("none"). Usually taken from settings.
recalibrator	The recalibrator functions to be used. Refer to recalibrate for details. Usually taken from settings

taken from settings.

recalibrateMS1Window

Window width to look for MS1 peaks to recalibrate (in ppm).

spectrum For recalibrateSingleSpec: a MSnbase Spectrum-derived object, commonly

a RmbSpectrum2 for MS2 or Spectrum1 for MS1.

For recalibrateSpectra:an RmbSpectraSetList of RmbSpectraSet objects, rawspec

> as the w@spectra slot from msmsWorkspace or any object returned by findMsMsHR. If empty, no spectra are recalibrated, but the recalibration curve is returned.

The recalibration curves to be used in the recalibration. rc, rc.ms1

72 mbWorkflow

#### **Details**

Note that the actually used recalibration functions are governed by the general MassBank settings (see recalibrate).

If a set of acquired LC-MS runs contains spectra for two different ion types (e.g. [M+H]+ and [M+Na]+) which should both be processed by RMassBank, it is necessary to do this in two separate runs. Since it is likely that one ion type will be the vast majority of spectra (e.g. most in [M+H]+ mode), and only few spectra will be present for other specific adducts (e.g. only few [M+Na]+ spectra), it is possible that too few spectra are present to build a good recalibration curve using only e.g. the [M+Na]+ ions. Therefore we recommend, for one set of LC/MS runs, to build the recalibration curve for one ion type (msmsWorkflow(mode="pH", steps=c(1:8), newRecalibration=TRUE)) and reuse the same curve for processing different ion types (msmsWorkflow(mode="pNa", steps=c(1:8), newRecalibration=FALSE)). This also ensures a consistent recalibration across all spectra of the same batch.

#### Value

makeRecalibration: a list(rc, rc.ms1) with recalibration curves for the MS2 and MS1 spectra. recalibrateSpectra: if rawspec is not NULL, returns the recalibrated spectra as RmbSpectraSetList. All spectra have their mass recalibrated and evaluation data deleted.

recalibrateSingleSpec: the recalibrated Spectrum (same object, recalibrated masses, evaluation data like assigned formulae etc. deleted).

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

# **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    rcCurve <- recalibrateSpectra(w, "pH")
    w@spectra <- recalibrateSpectra(mode="pH", rawspec=w@spectra, w=myWorkspace)
    w@spectra <- recalibrateSpectra(mode="pH", rawspec=w@spectra, rcCurve$rc, rcCurve$rc.ms1)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mbWorkflow

MassBank record creation workflow

# **Description**

Uses data generated by msmsWorkflow to create MassBank records.

## Usage

```
mbWorkflow(
  mb,
  steps = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8),
  infolist_path = "./infolist.csv",
  gatherData = "online",
  filter = TRUE
)
```

mbWorkflow 73

#### **Arguments**

mb The mbWorkspace to work in.

steps Which steps in the workflow to perform.

infolist\_path A path where to store newly downloaded compound informations, which should

then be manually inspected.

gatherData A variable denoting whether to retrieve information using several online databases

gatherData= "online" or to use the local babel installation gatherData= "babel". Note that babel is used either way, if a directory is given in the settings. This

setting will be ignored if retrieval is set to "standard"

filter If TRUE, the peaks will be filtered according to the standard processing workflow

in RMassBank - only the best formula for a peak is retained, and only peaks passing multiplicity filtering are retained. If FALSE, it is assumed that the user has already done filtering, and all peaks in the spectrum should be printed in the

record (with or without formula.)

#### **Details**

See the vignette vignette ("RMassBank") for detailed informations about the usage.

Steps:

Step 1: Find which compounds don't have annotation information yet. For these compounds, pull information from several databases (using gatherData).

Step 2: If new compounds were found, then export the infolist.csv and stop the workflow. Otherwise, continue.

Step 3: Take the archive data (in table format) and reformat it to MassBank tree format.

Step 4: Compile the spectra. Using the skeletons from the archive data, create MassBank records per compound and fill them with peak data for each spectrum. Also, assign accession numbers based on scan mode and relative scan no.

Step 5: Convert the internal tree-like representation of the MassBank data into flat-text string arrays (basically, into text-file style, but still in memory)

Step 6: For all OK records, generate a corresponding molfile with the structure of the compound, based on the SMILES entry from the MassBank record. (This molfile is still in memory only, not yet a physical file)

Step 7: If necessary, generate the appropriate subdirectories, and actually write the files to disk.

Step 8: Create the list.tsv in the molfiles folder, which is required by MassBank to attribute substances to their corresponding structure molfiles.

#### Value

The processed mbWorkspace.

#### Author(s)

Michael A. Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

## See Also

mbWorkspace-class

74 mbWorkspace-class

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   mb <- newMbWorkspace(w) # w being a msmsWorkspace
   mb <- loadInfolists(mb, "D:/myInfolistPath")
   mb <- mbWorkflow(mb, steps=c(1:3), "newinfos.csv")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mbWorkspace-class

Workspace for mbWorkflow data

#### **Description**

A workspace which stores input and output data for use with mbWorkflow.

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mbWorkspace'
show(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object

The mbWorkspace to display.

#### **Details**

Slots:

spectra, aggregated The corresponding input data from msmsWorkspace-class

additionalPeaks A list of additional peaks which can be loaded using addPeaks.

**mbdata, mbdata\_archive, mbdata\_relisted** Infolist data: Data for annotation of MassBank records, which can be loaded using loadInfolists.

**compiled\_ok** Compiled tree-structured MassBank records. compiled\_ok contains only the compounds with at least one valid spectrum.

mbfiles Compiled MassBank records in text representation.

molfile MOL files with the compound structures.

ok, problems Index lists for internal use which denote which compounds have valid spectra.

Methods:

show Shows a brief summary of the object. Currently only a stub.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

## See Also

mbWorkflow

mergePeaks 75

mergePeaks

Merge peaks for spectra merging, FT shoulder elimination etc.

#### **Description**

This procedure first sorts peaks by intensity (descending sort) and then starts iterating over the peaks, removing all entries that deviate "sufficiently far" from the currently selected peak. See the Details section for a full explanation and information on how to fine-tune peak removal.

## Usage

```
mergePeaks(peaks, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
mergePeaks(peaks, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
mergePeaks(peaks, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2'
mergePeaks(peaks, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'Spectrum'
mergePeaks(peaks, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

peaks data.frame, matrix or RmbSpectrum2 The peak-table to be merged. In case of an RmbSpectrum2-object, peaks are retrieved and updated via getData and setData, respectively

... 3 numeric values These define cutoff limits (see details)

## **Details**

Three parameters must be passed to mergePeaks for peak-removal control in this order: - cut-off\_dppm\_limit - cutoff\_absolute\_limit - cutoff\_intensity\_limit The method iterates through the peaks, beginning with the highest-intensity peak and in each step removes all other peaks that fulfill conditions 1 AND 2 relative to the selected peak 1. Their m/z value does not deviate too far from the one of the selected peak. i.e. if the selected peak is p and the checked peak is c, it holds that EITHER lp\$mz - c\$mzl <= cutoff\_absolute\_limit OR lp\$mz - c\$mzl <= ppm(p\$mz, cut-off\_dppm\_limit, p=TRUE) (see ppm) 2. Their intensity is much smaller than the one of the selected peak, i.e. c\$mz < cutoff\_intensity\_limit \* p\$mz for a suitable cutoff\_intensity\_limit between 0 and 1.

#### Value

object of the same class as peaks The result contains a reduced peak-table ordered by m/z

#### See Also

```
getData, setData, ppm
```

76 msmsRead

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: mergePeaks(spectrum, 10, 0.5, 0.05)
```

mergeSpectra

Merge multiple spectra into one

### **Description**

This method takes a collection of RmbSpectrum2 objects and merges them into a single RmbSpectrum2 object

## Usage

```
mergeSpectra(spectra, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2List'
mergeSpectra(spectra, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

spectra RmbSpectrum2List A list of RmbSpectrum2 objects to be merged
... NOTHING (This parameter is reserved for future implementations of the generic)

#### **Details**

Information from all spectra is retrieved via getData combined with rbind and placed into the new spectrum with setData

#### Value

A single RmbSpectrum2 object containing the merged information

### See Also

```
getData, setData
```

msmsRead

Extracts and processes spectra from a specified file list, according to loaded options and given parameters.

## Description

The filenames of the raw LC-MS runs are read from the array files in the global environment. See the vignette ("RMassBank") for further details about the workflow.

msmsRead 77

#### Usage

```
msmsRead(
    w,
    filetable = NULL,
    files = NULL,
    cpdids = NULL,
    readMethod,
    mode = NULL,
    confirmMode = FALSE,
    useRtLimit = TRUE,
    Args = NULL,
    settings = getOption("RMassBank"),
    progressbar = "progressBarHook",
    MSe = FALSE,
    plots = FALSE
)
```

#### Arguments

w A msmsWorkspace to work with.

filetable The path to a .csv-file that contains the columns "Files" and "ID" supplying

the relationships between files and compound IDs. Either this or the parameter

"files" need to be specified.

files A vector or list containing the filenames of the files that are to be read as spectra.

For the IDs to be inferred from the filenames alone, there need to be exactly 2

underscores.

cpdids A vector or list containing the compound IDs of the files that are to be read

as spectra. The ordering of this and files implicitly assigns each ID to the corresponding file. If this is supplied, then the IDs implicitly named in the

filenames are ignored.

readMethod Several methods are available to get peak lists from the files. Currently sup-

ported are "mzR", "xcms", "MassBank" and "peaklist". The first two read MS/MS raw data, and differ in the strategy used to extract peaks. MassBank will read existing records, so that e.g. a recalibration can be performed, and "peaklist" just requires a CSV with two columns and the column header "mz",

"int".

mode "pH", "pNa", "pM", "pNH4", "mH", "mM", "mFA" for different ions ([M+H]+,

[M+Na]+, [M]+, [M+NH4]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-). For 'readMethod == "mzR"', a vector of 'mode' entries is supported. The user should check that they are either all positive or negative. If this isn't the case, the recalibration

will be incorrect.

confirmMode Defaults to false (use most intense precursor). Value 1 uses the 2nd-most intense

precursor for a chosen ion (and its data-dependent scans), etc.

useRtLimit Whether to enforce the given retention time window.

Args A list of arguments that will be handed to the xcms-method findPeaks via do.call

settings Options to be used for processing. Defaults to the options loaded via loadRmbSettings

et al. Refer to there for specific settings.

progressbar The progress bar callback to use. Only needed for specialized applications. Cf.

the documentation of progressBarHook for usage.

78 msmsRead.RAW

MSe A boolean value that determines whether the spectra were recorded using MSe

or not

plots A boolean value that determines whether the pseudospectra in XCMS should be

plotted

#### Value

The msmsWorkspace with msms-spectra read.

#### Author(s)

```
Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>
Erik Mueller, UFZ
```

#### See Also

msmsWorkspace-class, msmsWorkflow

msmsRead.RAW

Extracts and processes spectra from a list of xcms-Objects

### **Description**

The filenames of the raw LC-MS runs are read from the array files in the global environment. See the vignette ("RMassBank") for further details about the workflow.

## Usage

```
msmsRead.RAW(
    w,
    xRAW = NULL,
    cpdids = NULL,
    mode,
    findPeaksArgs = NULL,
    settings = getOption("RMassBank"),
    progressbar = "progressBarHook",
    plots = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

A msmsWorkspace to work with.

xRAW A list of xcmsRaw objects whose peaks should be detected and added to the

workspace. The relevant data must be in the MS1 data of the xcmsRaw object. You can coerce the msn-data in a usable object with the msn2xcmsRaw function

of xcms.

cpdids A vector or list containing the compound IDs of the files that are to be read

as spectra. The ordering of this and files implicitly assigns each ID to the corresponding file. If this is supplied, then the IDs implicitly named in the

filenames are ignored.

msmsWorkflow 79

mode "pH", "pNa", "pM", "pNH4", "mH", "mFA" for different ions ([M+H]+, [M+Na]+, [M]+, [M+NH4]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-).

findPeaksArgs A list of arguments that will be handed to the xcms-method findPeaks via do.call options to be used for processing. Defaults to the options loaded via loadRmbSettings et al. Refer to there for specific settings.

progressbar The progress bar callback to use. Only needed for specialized applications. Cf. the documentation of progressBarHook for usage.

A boolean value that determines whether the pseudospectra in XCMS should be plotted

#### Value

The msmsWorkspace with msms-spectra read.

#### Author(s)

```
Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch> Erik Mueller, UFZ
```

#### See Also

```
msmsWorkspace-class, msmsWorkflow
```

msmsWorkflow

RMassBank mass spectrometry pipeline

### **Description**

Extracts and processes spectra from a specified file list, according to loaded options and given parameters.

#### Usage

```
msmsWorkflow(
  W,
  mode = "pH",
  steps = c(1:8),
  confirmMode = FALSE,
  newRecalibration = TRUE,
  useRtLimit = TRUE,
  archivename = NA,
  readMethod = "mzR",
  filetable = NULL,
  findPeaksArgs = NULL,
  plots = FALSE,
  precursorscan.cf = FALSE,
  settings = getOption("RMassBank"),
  analyzeMethod = "formula",
  progressbar = "progressBarHook",
  MSe = FALSE
)
```

80 msmsWorkflow

#### **Arguments**

w A msmsWorkspace to work with.

mode "pH", "pNa", "pM", "mH", "mM", "mFA", "pNH4" for different ions ([M+H]+,

[M+Na]+, [M]+, [M-H]-, [M]-, [M+FA]-, [M+NH4]+).

steps Which steps of the workflow to process. See the vignette ("RMassBank")

for details.

confirmMode Defaults to false (use most intense precursor). Value 1 uses the 2nd-most intense

precursor for a chosen ion (and its data-dependent scans), etc.

newRecalibration

Whether to generate a new recalibration curve (TRUE, default) or to reuse the

currently stored curve (FALSE, useful e.g. for adduct-processing runs.)

useRtLimit Whether to enforce the given retention time window.

archivename The prefix under which to store the analyzed result files.

readMethod Several methods are available to get peak lists from the files. Currently sup-

ported are "mzR", "xcms", "MassBank" and "peaklist". The first two read MS/MS raw data, and differ in the strategy used to extract peaks. MassBank will read existing records, so that e.g. a recalibration can be performed, and "peaklist" just requires a CSV with two columns and the column header "mz",

"int".

filetable If including step 1 (data extraction), a 'filetable' argument to be passed to msmsRead.

findPeaksArgs A list of arguments that will be handed to the xcms-method findPeaks via do.call

plots A parameter that determines whether the spectra should be plotted or not (This

parameter is only used for the xcms-method)

precursorscan.cf

Whether to fill precursor scans. To be used with files which for some reasons do

not contain precursor scan IDs in the mzML, e.g. AB Sciex converted files.

settings Options to be used for processing. Defaults to the options loaded via loadRmbSettings

et al. Refer to there for specific settings.

analyzeMethod The "method" parameter to pass to analyzeMsMs.

progressbar The progress bar callback to use. Only needed for specialized applications. Cf.

the documentation of progressBarHook for usage.

MSe A boolean value that determines whether the spectra were recorded using MSe

or not

#### Details

The filenames of the raw LC-MS runs are read from the array files in the global environment. See the vignette ("RMassBank") for further details about the workflow.

#### Value

The processed msmsWorkspace.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

#### See Also

msmsWorkspace-class

msmsWorkspace-class

81

msmsWorkspace-class

 $Workspace\ for\ {\tt msmsWorkflow}\ data$ 

### **Description**

A workspace which stores input and output data for msmsWorkflow.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'msmsWorkspace'
show(object)
```

### **Arguments**

object

The msmsWorkspace to display.

#### Details

Slots:

files The input file names

spectra The spectra per compound (RmbSpectraSet) extracted from the raw files

**aggregated** A data.frame with an aggregated peak table from all spectra. Further columns are added during processing.

rc, rc.ms1 The recalibration curves generated in workflow step 4.

**parent** For the workflow steps after 4: the parent workspace containing the state (spectra, aggregate) before recalibration, such that the workflow can be reprocessed from start.

archivename The base name of the files the archive is stored to during the workflow.

settings The RMassBank settings used during the workflow, if stored with the workspace.#'

Methods:

**show** Shows a brief summary of the object and processing progress.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

#### See Also

msmsWorkflow

82 newMsmsWorkspace

newMbWorkspace

Create new workspace for mbWorkflow

#### **Description**

Creates a new workspace for use with mbWorkflow.

## Usage

```
newMbWorkspace(w)
```

### **Arguments**

W

The input msmsWorkspace to load input data from.

#### **Details**

The workspace input data will be loaded from the msmsWorkspace-class object provided by the parameter w.

#### Value

A new mbWorkflow object with the loaded input data.

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

## See Also

mbWorkflow, msmsWorkspace-class

newMsmsWorkspace

Create new empty workspace or load saved data for msmsWorkflow

## Description

Creates an empty workspace or loads an existing workspace from disk.

## Usage

```
newMsmsWorkspace(files = character(0))
```

## **Arguments**

files

If given, the files list to initialize the workspace with.

#### **Details**

newMsmsWorkspace creates a new empty workspace for use with msmsWorkflow.

loadMsmsWorkspace loads a workspace saved using archiveResults. Note that it also successfully loads data saved with the old RMassBank data format into the new msmsWorkspace object.

#### Value

A new msmsWorkspace object

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

#### See Also

msmsWorkflow, msmsWorkspace-class

```
normalize, RmbSpectrum2-method
```

Scale spectrum to specified intensity range

## **Description**

Scale spectrum to specified intensity range

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2'
normalize(object, ..., scale = 999, precision = 0, slot = "intensity")
```

#### **Arguments**

object	the 'RmbSpectrum2' object to scale
	1

arguments passed to 'selectPeaks' to choose peaks for normalization

Maximum intensity in normalized spectrum scale

precision Digits after comma for normalized intensity, typically 0

Which property of the spectrum should be scaled slot

84 order.formula

```
normalize\,, RmbSpectrum 2 List-method\\ Normalize\,spectra
```

### **Description**

Scale all spectra in a 'RmbSpectrum2List' to a specified intensity.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2List'
normalize(object, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

object the 'RmbSpectrum2List' with spectra to scale
... Arguments passed to 'normalize,RmbSpectrum2'

order.formula

Order a chemical formula correctly

### **Description**

Orders a chemical formula in the commonly accepted order (CH followed by alphabetic ordering).

## Usage

```
order.formula(formula, as.formula = TRUE, as.list = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

formula A molecular formula in string or list representation ("C6H6" or list(C=6, H=6)).

as.formula If TRUE, the return value is returned as a string. This is the default.

as.list If TRUE, the return value is returned in list representation.

#### Author(s)

Michele Stravs

## See Also

```
list.to.formula, add.formula, is.valid.formula
```

```
#
order.formula("H4C9")
order.formula("C2N5HClBr")
```

parseMassBank 85

parseMassBank

MassBank-record Parser

## Description

Can parse MassBank-records(only V2)

### Usage

```
parseMassBank(Files)
```

## Arguments

Files

array of character-strings Paths to the plaintext-records that should be read

## Value

The mbWorkspace that the plaintext-record creates. All parsed information will be stored in the 'compiled\_ok' slot.

## Author(s)

Erik Mueller

## See Also

```
validate
```

## **Examples**

parseMbRecord

MassBank-record Parser

## Description

Can parse MassBank-records(only V2)

## Usage

```
parseMbRecord(filename, readAnnotation=TRUE)
```

86 peaksMatched

#### **Arguments**

filename character A path to the plaintext-record that should be read

 $read {\tt Annotation} \quad logical, Default: \ TRUE \ If \ TRUE, parse \ annotations \ from \ the \ record \ file \ and \ add$ 

columns for 'formula', 'formulaCount', 'mzCalc' and 'dppm' to the peak table

#### Value

An RmbSpectrum2 object created from the plaintext-record

### Author(s)

Erik Mueller

### See Also

validate

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   parseMassBank("filepath_to_records/RC00001.txt")
## End(Not run)
```

peaksMatched

Select matching/unmatching peaks from aggregate table

## **Description**

Select matching/unmatching peaks from aggregate table

### Usage

```
peaksMatched(o)

## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
peaksMatched(o)

## S4 method for signature 'msmsWorkspace'
peaksMatched(o)
```

## Arguments

0

Workspace or aggregate table from a workspace

#### Value

Selects the peaks from the aggregate table which matched within filter criteria (peaksMatched) or didn't match (peaksUnmatched).

peaksUnmatched 87

#### **Functions**

• peaksMatched(data.frame): A method to retrieve the matched peaks from the "aggregated" slot (a data.frame object) in an msmsWorkSpace

• peaksMatched(msmsWorkspace): A method to retrieve the matched peaks from an msmsWorkSpace

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

peaksUnmatched

Select matching/unmatching peaks from aggregate table

#### **Description**

Select matching/unmatching peaks from aggregate table

### Usage

```
peaksUnmatched(o, cleaned = FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
peaksUnmatched(o, cleaned = FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'msmsWorkspace'
peaksUnmatched(o, cleaned = FALSE)
```

### **Arguments**

o Workspace or aggregate table from a workspace cleaned Return only peaks which pass electronic noise filtering if TRUE.

#### Value

Selects the peaks from the aggregate table which matched within filter criteria (peaksMatched) or didn't match (peaksUnmatched).

### Methods (by class)

- peaksUnmatched(data.frame): A method to retrieve the unmatched peaks from the "aggregated" slot (a data.frame object) in an msmsWorkSpace
- peaksUnmatched(msmsWorkspace): A method to retrieve the unmatched peaks from an msmsWorkSpace

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

88 plotRecalibration

plotMbWorkspaces

Plots mbWorkspaces

## Description

Plots the peaks of one or two mbWorkspace to compare them.

#### Usage

```
plotMbWorkspaces(w1, w2 = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

w1 The mbWorkspace to be plotted

w2 Another optional mbWorkspace be plotted as a reference.

#### **Details**

This functions plots one or two mbWorkspaces in case the use has used different methods to acquire similar spectra. w1 must always be supplied, while w2 is optional. The wokspaces need to be fully processed for this function to work.

### Value

A logical indicating whether the information was plotted or not

#### Author(s)

Erik Mueller

## **Examples**

```
#
## Not run: plotMbWorkspaces(w1,w2)
```

plotRecalibration

Plot the recalibration graph.

### **Description**

Plot the recalibration graph.

### Usage

```
plotRecalibration(w, recalibrateBy = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateBy)
plotRecalibration.direct(rcdata, rc, rc.ms1, title, mzrange,
  recalibrateBy = getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateBy)
```

ppm 89

#### **Arguments**

w The workspace to plot the calibration graph from

recalibrateBy Whether recalibration was done by ppm ("ppm") or by m/z ("mz"). Important

only for graph labeling here.

rcdata A data frame with columns recalfield and mzFound.

rc Predictor for MS2 data
rc.ms1 Predictor for MS1 data
title Prefix for the graph titles
mzrange m/z value range for the graph

#### Author(s)

Michele Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

ppm Calculate ppm values

### **Description**

Calculates ppm values for a given mass.

#### Usage

```
ppm(mass, dppm, 1 = FALSE, p = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

mass The "real" mass

dppm The mass deviation to calculate

Boolean: return limits? Defaults to FALSE.

p Boolean: return ppm error itself? Defaults to FALSE.

### **Details**

This is a helper function used in RMassBank code.

## Value

By default (1=FALSE, p=FALSE) the function returns the mass plus the ppm error (for 123.00000 and 10 ppm: 123.00123, or for 123 and -10 ppm: 122.99877).

For 1=TRUE, the function returns the upper and lower limit (sic!) For p=TRUE, just the difference itself is returned (0.00123 for 123/10ppm).

### Author(s)

Michael A. Stravs, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

```
ppm(100, 10)
```

90 problematicPeaks

problematicPeaks

*Identify intense peaks (in a list of unmatched peaks)* 

## Description

Finds a list of peaks in spectra with a high relative intensity (>10 1e4, or >1 checked. Peaks orbiting around the parent peak mass (calculated from the compound ID), which are very likely co-isolated substances, are ignored.

#### Usage

```
problematicPeaks(sp)
```

### **Arguments**

sp

a RmbSpectrum2 object to be checked for problematic peaks.

#### Value

The modified RmbSpectrum2 object with additional columns/properties 'problematicPeaks' (logical 'TRUE' if the peak is intense and unannotated), 'aMax' (base peak intensity), 'mzCenter' (the precursor m/z).

## Note

TODO: there is hardcoded logic in this function that needs to be resolved eventually!

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

### See Also

msmsWorkflow

```
# As used in the workflow:
sp <- new("RmbSpectrum2", mz = c(100,200,300,400,500), intensity = c(999999,888888,777777,6666666,555555))
sp@ok <- TRUE
property(sp, "mzFound", addNew=TRUE) <- sp@mz
sp@good <- c(TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, FALSE)
sp@precursorMz <- 600
sp_checked <- problematicPeaks(sp)
# stopifnot(sum(getData(sp_checked)$problematicPeak) == 2)</pre>
```

processProblematicPeaks

Generate list of problematic peaks

### **Description**

Generates a list of intense unmatched peaks for further review (the "failpeak list") and exports it if the archive name is given.

## Usage

```
processProblematicPeaks(w, archivename = NA)
```

### **Arguments**

w msmsWorkspace to analyze.

archivename Base name of the archive to write to (for "abc" the exported failpeaks list will

be "abc\_Failpeaks.csv"). if the compoundlist is complete, "tentative", if at least

a formula is present or "unknown" if the only know thing is the m/z

#### Value

Returns the aggregate data.frame with added column "problematic" (logical) which marks peaks which match the problematic criteria

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

progressBarHook S

Standard progress bar hook.

#### **Description**

This function provides a standard implementation for the progress bar in RMassBank.

## Usage

```
progressBarHook(object = NULL, value = 0, min = 0, max = 100, close = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

object	An identifier representing an instance of a progress bar.
value	The new value to assign to the progress indicator
min	The minimal value of the progress indicator
max	The maximal value of the progress indicator
close	If TRUE, the progress bar is closed.

92 property

#### **Details**

RMassBank calls the progress bar function in the following three ways: pb <- progressBarHook(object=NULL, value=0, min=0, max=LEN) to create a new progress bar. pb <- progressBarHook(object=pb, value= VAL) to set the progress bar to a new value (between the set min and max) progressBarHook(object=pb, close=TRUE) to close the progress bar. (The actual calls are performed with do.call, e.g. progressbar <- "progressBarHook" pb <- do.call(progressbar, list(object=pb, value= nProg)). See the source code for details.)

To substitute the standard progress bar for an alternative implementation (e.g. for use in a GUI), the developer can write his own function which behaves in the same way as progressBarHook, i.e. takes the same parameters and can be called in the same way.

#### Value

Returns a progress bar instance identifier (i.e. an identifier which can be used as object in subsequent calls.)

### Author(s)

Michele Stravs, Eawag <stravsmi@eawag.ch>

property

Get a property of an RmbSpectrum2 object

## Description

This searches the 'properties' slot of the object and returns a column with matching name (if found) or NULL otherwise.

## Usage

```
property(o, property)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2, character'
property(o, property)
```

## **Arguments**

o RmbSpectrum2

property character The name of a property

## Value

The corresponding column of o@properties

property<-

property<-	Replacement function to set properties of an RmbSpectrum2 object

### **Description**

Update the 'properties' slot of the given object. If the column you want to update does not exist yet and addNew = FALSE (default), this will cause a warning and the object will not be changed

## Usage

```
property(o, property, addNew=FALSE, class="") <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2, character, logical, character'
property(o, property, addNew = FALSE, class = "") <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2, character, missing, character'
property(o, property, addNew = FALSE, class = "") <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2, character, logical, missing'
property(o, property, addNew = FALSE, class = "") <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2, character, missing, missing'
property(o, property, addNew = FALSE, class = "") <- value</pre>
```

#### **Arguments**

0	RmbSpectrum2 The object whos 'properties' slot should be updated
property	character The name of the column in the 'properties' data frame to be updated
addNew	logical, Default: FALSE Whether or not a new column should be added in case a column of the given name does not exist yet.
class	character or missing The class of the entries for the column to be added/updated
value	ANY The value(s) to be written into the column

#### **Details**

Please note that this is a replacement method, meaning that property(o, property) <- value can be used as a short-hand for the equivalent o <- 'property<-'(o, property, value)

#### Value

The RmbSpectrum2 object with an updated 'properties' slot

94 reanalyzeFailpeaks

reanalyzeFailpeaks Reanalyze unmatched peaks
--

### Description

Reanalysis of peaks with no matching molecular formula by allowing additional elements (e.g. "N2O").

## Usage

```
reanalyzeFailpeaks(w, custom_additions, filterSettings =
   getOption("RMassBank")$filterSettings, progressbar = "progressBarHook")
reanalyzeFailpeak(mass, custom_additions, cpdID, mode,
   filterSettings = getOption("RMassBank")$filterSettings)
```

### **Arguments**

w A 'msmsWorkspace' with annotated peaks.

custom\_additions

The allowed additions, e.g. "N2O".

filterSettings Settings for filtering data. Refer to analyzeMsMs for settings.

progressbar The progress bar callback to use. Only needed for specialized applications. Cf.

the documentation of progressBarHook for usage.

mass (Usually recalibrated) m/z value of the peak.

cpdID Compound ID of this spectrum.

mode for 'reanalyzeFailpeak', the 'mode' (adduct) of the analyzed spectrum.

## **Details**

reanalyzeFailpeaks examines the unmatchedPeaksC table in specs and sends every peak through reanalyzeFailpeak.

## Value

The aggregate data frame extended by the columns: #'

reanalyzed.??? If reanalysis (step 7) has already been processed: matching values from the reanalyzed peaks

matchedReanalysis

Whether reanalysis has matched (TRUE), not matched(FALSE) or has not been conducted for the peak(NA).

It would be good to merge the analysis functions of analyzeMsMs with the one used here, to simplify code changes.

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

recalibrate 95

#### See Also

```
analyzeMsMs, msmsWorkflow
```

#### **Examples**

```
## As used in the workflow:
## Not run:
reanalyzedRcSpecs <- reanalyzeFailpeaks(w@aggregated, custom_additions="N20", mode="pH")
# A single peak:
reanalyzeFailpeak("N20", 105.0447, 1234, 1, 1)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

recalibrate

Predefined recalibration functions.

## **Description**

Predefined fits to use for recalibration: Loess fit and GAM fit.

## Usage

```
recalibrate.loess(rcdata)

recalibrate.identity(rcdata)

recalibrate.mean(rcdata)

recalibrate.linear(rcdata)
```

### **Arguments**

rcdata

A data frame with at least the columns recalfield and mzFound. recalfield will usually contain delta(ppm) or delta(mz) values and is the target parameter for the recalibration.

### **Details**

recalibrate.loess() provides a Loess fit (recalibrate.loess) to a given recalibration parameter. If MS and MS/MS data should be fit together, recalibrate.loess provides good default settings for Orbitrap instruments.

recalibrate.identity() returns a non-recalibration, i.e. a predictor which predicts 0 for all input values. This can be used if the user wants to skip recalibration in the RMassBank workflow.

#' recalibrate.mean() and recalibrate.linear() are simple recalibrations which return a constant shift or a linear recalibration. They will be only useful in particular cases.

96 recalibrate.addMS1data

recalibrate() itself is only a dummy function and does not do anything.

Alternatively other functions can be defined. Which functions are used for recalibration is specified by the RMassBank options file. (Note: if recalibrateMS1: common, the recalibrator: MS1 value is irrelevant, since for a common curve generated with the function specified in recalibrator: MS2 will be used.)

#### Value

Returns a model for recalibration to be used with predict and the like.

### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, EAWAG <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
rcdata <- subset(spec$peaksMatched, formulaCount==1)</pre>
ms1data <- recalibrate.addMS1data(spec, mode, 15)</pre>
rcdata <- rbind(rcdata, ms1data)</pre>
rcdata$recalfield <- rcdata$dppm</pre>
rcCurve <- recalibrate.loess(rcdata)</pre>
# define a spectrum and recalibrate it
s <- matrix(c(100,150,200,88.8887,95.0005,222.2223), ncol=2)
colnames(s) <- c("mz", "int")</pre>
recalS <- recalibrateSingleSpec(s, rcCurve)</pre>
Alternative: define an custom recalibrator function with different parameters
recalibrate.MyOwnLoess <- function(rcdata)</pre>
{
 return(loess(recalfield ~ mzFound, data=rcdata, family=c("symmetric"),
     degree = 2, span=0.4)
# This can then be specified in the RMassBank settings file:
# recalibrateMS1: common
# recalibrator:
     MS1: recalibrate.loess
#
     MS2: recalibrate.MyOwnLoess")
# [...]
## End(Not run)
```

recalibrate.addMS1data

Return MS1 peaks to be used for recalibration

#### **Description**

Returns the precursor peaks for all MS1 spectra in the spec dataset with annotated formula to be used in recalibration.

For all spectra in spec\$specFound, the precursor ion is extracted from the MS1 precursor spectrum. All found ions are returned in a data frame with a format matching spec\$peaksMatched and therefore suitable for rbinding to the spec\$peaksMatched table. However, only minimal information needed for recalibration is returned.

RmbDefaultSettings 97

#### Usage

```
recalibrate.addMS1data(spec, recalibrateMS1Window =
    getOption("RMassBank")$recalibrateMS1Window)
```

#### **Arguments**

spec

A msmsWorkspace or RmbSpectraSetList containing spectra for which MS1 "peaks" should be "constructed".

recalibrateMS1Window

Window width to look for MS1 peaks to recalibrate (in ppm).

#### Value

A dataframe with columns mzFound, formula, mzCalc, dppm, dbe, int,dppmBest, formulaCount, good, cpdID, scan, parentScan, dppmRc. However, columns dbe, int, formulaCount, good, scan, parentScan do not contain real information and are provided only as fillers.

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs, EAWAG <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# More or less as used in recalibrateSpectra:
    rcdata <- peaksMatched(w)
    rcdata <- rcdata[rcdata$formulaCount == 1, ,drop=FALSE]
    ms1data <- recalibrate.addMS1data(w, "pH", 15)
    rcdata <- rbind(rcdata, ms1data)
# ... continue constructing recalibration curve with rcdata
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt RmbDefaultSettings}$ 

RMassBank settings

### **Description**

Load, set and reset settings for RMassBank.

#### Usage

```
loadRmbSettings(file_or_list)
loadRmbSettingsFromEnv(env = .GlobalEnv)
RmbDefaultSettings()
RmbSettingsTemplate(target)
```

98 RmbSettings

#### **Arguments**

file\_or\_list The file (YML or R format) or R list with the settings to load.

target The path where the template setting file should be stored.

env The environment to load the settings from.

#### **Details**

RmbSettingsTemplate creates a template file in which you can adjust the settings as you like. Before using RMassBank, you must then load the settings file using loadRmbSettings. RmbDefaultSettings loads the default settings. loadRmbSettingsFromEnv loads the settings stored in env\$RmbSettings, which is useful when reloading archives with saved settings inside.

Note: no settings are loaded upon loading MassBank! This is intended, so that one never forgets to load the correct settings.

The settings are described in RmbSettings.

### Value

None.

#### Note

The default settings will not work for you unless you have, by chance, installed OpenBabel into the same directory as I have!

### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

## See Also

RmbSettings

### **Examples**

```
# Create a standard settings file and load it (unedited)
RmbSettingsTemplate("mysettings.ini")
loadRmbSettings("mysettings.ini")
unlink("mysettings.ini")
```

RmbSettings

RMassBank settings

## Description

Describes all settings for the RMassBank settings file.

RmbSettings 99

#### **Details**

• deprofile Whether and how to deprofile input raw files. Leave the setting empty if your raw files are already in "centroid" mode. If your input files are in profile mode, you have the choice between algorithms deprofile.spline, deprofile.fwhm, deprofile.localMax; refer to the individual manpages for more information.

- rtMargin, rtShift The allowed retention time deviation relative to the values specified in your compound list (see loadList), and the systematic shift (due to the use of, e.g., precolumns or other special equipment.
- babeldir Directory to OpenBabel. Required for creating molfiles for MassBank export. If no OpenBabel directory is given, RMassBank will attempt to use the CACTUS webservice for SDF generation. It is strongly advised to install OpenBabel; the CACTUS structures have explicit hydrogen atoms. The path should point to the directory where babel.exe (or the Linux "babel" equivalent) lies.
- use\_version Which MassBank record format to use; version 2 is strongly advised, version 1 is considered outdated and should be used only if for some reason you are running old servers and an upgrade is not feasible.
- use\_rean\_peaks Whether to include peaks from reanalysis (see reanalyzeFailpeaks) in the MassBank records. Boolean, TRUE or FALSE.
- annotations A list of constant annotations to use in the MassBank records. The entries
  authors, copyright, license, instrument, instrument\_type, compound\_class correspond to the MassBank entries AUTHORS, COPYRIGHT, PUBLICATION, LICENSE, AC\$INSTRUMENT, AC\$INSTRUMENT
  CH\$COMPOUND\_CLASS. The entry confidence\_comment is added as COMMENT: CONFIDENCE entry.

The entry internal\_id\_fieldname is used to name the MassBank entry which will keep a reference to the internal compound ID used in the workflow: for internal\_id\_fieldname = MYID and e.g. compound 1234, an entry will be added to the MassBank record with COMMENT: MYID 1234. The internal fieldname should not be left empty!

The entries lc\_gradient, lc\_flow, lc\_solvent\_a, lc\_solvent\_b, lc\_column correspond to the MassBank entries AC\$CHROMATOGRAPHY: FLOW\_GRADIENT, FLOW\_RATE, SOLVENT A, SOLVENT B, COLUMN\_NAME.

ms\_type, ionization correspond to AC\$MASS\_SPECTROMETRY: MS\_TYPE, IONIZATION. entry\_prefix is the two-letter prefix used when building MassBank accession codes. Entries under ms\_dataprocessing are added as MS\$DATA\_PROCESSING: entries, in addition to the default WHOLE: RMassBank.

- annotator For advanced users: option to select your own custom annotator. Check annotator. default and the source code for details.
- spectraList This setting describes the experimental annotations for the single data-dependent scans. For every data-dependent scan event, a spectraList entry with mode, ces, ce, res denoting collision mode, collision energy in short and verbose notation, and FT resolution.
- accessionNumberShifts This denotes the starting points for accession numbers for different ion types. For example, pH: 0, mH: 50 means that [M+H]+ spectra will start at XX123401 (XX being the entry\_prefix and 1234 the compound id) and [M-H]- will start at XX123451.
- electronicNoise, electronicNoiseWidth Known electronic noise peaks and the window to be used by cleanElnoise
- recalibrateBy dppm or dmz to recalibrate either by delta ppm or by delta mz.
- recalibrateMS1 common or separate to recalibrate MS1 data points together or separately from MS2 data points.

100 RmbSettings

• recalibrator: MS1, MS2 The functions to use for recalibration of MS1 and MS2 data points. Note that the MS1 setting is only meaningful if recalibrateMS1: separate, otherwise the MS2 setting is used for a common recalibration curve. See recalibrate.loess for details.

- multiplicityFilter Define the multiplicity filtering level. Default is 2, a value of 1 is off (no filtering) and >2 is harsher filtering.
- titleFormat The title of MassBank records is a mini-summary of the record, for example "Dinotefuran; LC-ESI-QFT; MS2; CE: 35 By default, the first compound name CH\$NAME, instrument type AC\$INSTRUMENT\_TYPE, MS/MS type AC\$MASS\_SPECTROMETRY: MS\_TYPE, collision energy RECORD\_TITLE\_CE, resolution AC\$MASS\_SPECTROMETRY: RESOLUTION and precursor MS\$FOCUSED\_ION: PRECURSOR\_TYPE are used. If alternative information is relevant to differentiate acquired spectra, the title should be adjusted. For example, many TOFs do not have a resolution setting. See MassBank documentation for more.
- filterSettings A list of settings that affect the MS/MS processing. The entries ppmHighMass, ppmLowMass, massRangeDivision set values for pre-processing, prior to recalibration. ppmHighMass defines the ppm error for the high mass range (default 10 ppm for Orbitraps), ppmLowMass is the error for the low mass range (default 15 ppm for Orbitraps) and massRangeDivision is the m/z value defining the split between the high and low mass range (default m/z = 120).

The entry ppmFine defines the ppm cut-off post recalibration. The default value of 5 ppm is recommended for Orbitraps. For other instruments this can be interpreted from the recalibration plot. All ppm limits are one-sided (e.g. this includes values to +5 ppm or -5 ppm deviation from the exact mass).

The entries prelimCut, prelimCutRatio define the intensity cut-off and cut-off ratio (in the peak selection for the recalibration only. Careful: the default value 1e4 for Orbitrap LTQ positive mode could remove all peaks for TOF data and will remove too many peaks for Orbitrap LTQ negative mode spectra!

The entry specOKLimit defines the intensity limit to include MS/MS spectra. MS/MS spectra must have at least one peak above this limit to proceed through the workflow.

dbeMinLimit defines the minimum allowable ring and double bond equivalents (DBE) allowed for assigned formulas. This assumes maximum valuences for elements with multiple valence states. The default is -0.5 (accounting for fragments being ions).

The entries satelliteMzLimit, satelliteIntLimit define the cut-off m/z and intensity values for satellite peak removal (an artefact of Fourier Transform processing). All peaks within the m/z limit (default 0.5) and intensity ratio (default 0.05 or 5 Fourier Transform instruments only (e.g. Orbitrap).

• filterSettings Parameters for adjusting the raw data retrieval. The entry ppmFine defines the ppm error to look for the precursor in the MS1 (parent) spectrum. Default is 10 ppm for Orbitrap.

mzCoarse defines the error to search for the precursor specification in the MS2 spectrum. This is often only saved to 2 decimal places and thus can be quite inaccurate. The accuracy also depends on the isolation window used. The default settings (for e.g. Orbitrap) is 0.5 (Da, or Th for m/z).

The entry fillPrecursorScan is largely untested. The default value (FALSE) assumes all necessary precursor information is available in the mzML file. A setting of TRUE tries to fill in the precursor data scan number if it is missing. Only tested on one case study so far feedback welcome!

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs, Emma Schymanski

RmbSpectraSet-class 101

#### See Also

loadRmbSettings

RmbSpectraSet-class Set of spectra pertaining to one compound

#### **Description**

Set of spectra pertaining to one compound

#### **Slots**

parent Spectrum1 The precursor spectrum

children RmbSpectrum2List List of 'RmbSpectrum2' objects for the fragmentation spectra, which are first extracted and later processed during 'msmsWorkflow'

found logical, denotes whether or not fragmentation spectra were found for this compound

complete logical, denotes whether or not \*all\* expected collision energies were found for this compound

empty logical, 'TRUE' if there are zero found spectra for this compound

formula character, the molecular formula of the neutral compound

id The ID of the compound in the RMassBank compound list (see loadList)

mz the m/z value of the precursor

name The name of the compound

mode The ion type of the precursor, e.g. 'pH, mH, mNa'

smiles the SMILES string for the compound structure

RmbSpectrum2-class

RMassBank Representation of an MSMS Spectrum

## Description

This extends the Spectrum2 class of the MSnbase package and introduces further slots that are used to store information during the RMassBank workflow.

#### **Slots**

satellite logical If TRUE, the corresponding peak was removed as satellite.

low logical If TRUE, the corresponding peak was removed because it failed the intensity cutoff.

rawOK logical If TRUE, the peak passed satellite and low-intensity cutoff removal.

good logical If TRUE, a formula could be found for the peak and the peak passed all filter criteria. (see the RMassBank vignette or the documentation of analyzeMsMs#' for details on filter settings)

mzCalc numeric The mz value calculated from the found formula for each peak (if any)

- formula character The formula found for each peak. generate.formula is used for formula-fitting
- dbe numeric The number of double bond equivalents. This is calculated from the found formula for each peak (if any)
- formulaCount integer The number of different formulae found for each peak. Note: A peak for which multiple formulas were found will appear multiple times. Hence there may be multiple entries in the formula, dppm and mzCalc slot for the same mz value.
- formulaSource character "analyze" or "reanalysis" Shows whether the current formula for the peak was determined by normal analysis ("analyze") or by reanalysis of a failpeak ("reanalysis")

dppm numeric The ppm deviation of the mz value from the found formula (if any).

dppmBest numeric The ppm deviation of the mz value from the best formula found.

- ok logical one-element vector If this is TRUE, the spectrum was successfully processed with at least one resulting peak. Otherwise, one of the following cases applies:
  - All peaks failed the intensity cutoff i.e. the whole spectrum contains low intensity peaks, only.
  - All peaks were marked as satellites.
  - All peaks in the spectrum have a lower intensity than the value given in the specOkLimit filter setting. (see the RMassBank vignette or the documentation of analyzeMsMs)
  - The precursor ion formula is invalid (see is.valid.formula)
  - The spectrum is empty.
  - No molecular formula could be found for any of the peaks.
  - All peaks failed the dbeMinLimit criterion. (see the RMassBank vignette or the documentation of analyzeMsMs)
- info list Spectrum identifying information (collision energy, resolution, collision mode) from the spectraList
- properties data.frame This is used as a flexible placeholder to store additional properties for each peak throughout the workflow. After the last step of the mbWorkflow, this will typically contain columns mzRaw, noise, formulaMultiplicity, bestMultiplicity and filterOK. However, new columns may be added on demand (see property<-)

#### See Also

generate.formula, property<- analyzeMsMs, generate.formula, is.valid.formula</pre>

RmbSpectrum2List-class

SimpleList specializations

#### **Description**

Typed lists using SimpleList

rmb\_log\_debug 103

 ${\tt rmb\_log\_debug}$ 

Pass arguments to logger::log\_debug using custom RMassBank-logging settings

## Description

The logging file to be used can be specified by the user in the logging\_file field of settings.ini

## Usage

```
rmb_log_debug(...)
```

## **Arguments**

... The log message, as for 'logger::log\_...' functions

#### Author(s)

pstahlhofen

### See Also

logger::log\_debug

rmb\_log\_error

Pass arguments to logger::log\_error using custom RMassBank-logging settings

## Description

The logging file to be used can be specified by the user in the logging\_file field of settings.ini

### Usage

```
rmb_log_error(...)
```

### **Arguments**

... The log message, as for 'logger::log\_...' functions

## Author(s)

pstahlhofen

#### See Also

logger::log\_error

104 rmb\_log\_info

 $rmb_log_fatal$ 

Pass arguments to logger::log\_fatal using custom RMassBank-logging settings

## Description

The logging file to be used can be specified by the user in the logging\_file field of settings.ini

## Usage

```
rmb_log_fatal(...)
```

## **Arguments**

... The log message, as for 'logger::log\_...' functions

#### Author(s)

pstahlhofen

### See Also

logger::log\_fatal

rmb\_log\_info

Pass arguments to logger::log\_info using custom RMassBank-logging settings

## Description

The logging file to be used can be specified by the user in the logging\_file field of settings.ini

### Usage

```
rmb_log_info(...)
```

### Arguments

... The log message, as for 'logger::log\_...' functions

## Author(s)

pstahlhofen

#### See Also

logger::log\_info

rmb\_log\_success 105

rmb\_log\_success

Pass arguments to logger::log\_success using custom RMassBank-logging settings

## Description

The logging file to be used can be specified by the user in the logging\_file field of settings.ini

## Usage

```
rmb_log_success(...)
```

## **Arguments**

... The log message, as for 'logger::log\_...' functions

#### Author(s)

pstahlhofen

### See Also

logger::log\_success

rmb\_log\_trace

Pass arguments to logger::log\_trace using custom RMassBank-logging settings

## Description

The logging file to be used can be specified by the user in the logging\_file field of settings.ini

## Usage

```
rmb_log_trace(...)
```

### Arguments

... The log message, as for 'logger::log\_...' functions

## Author(s)

pstahlhofen

#### See Also

logger::log\_trace

106 selectPeaks

rmb\_log\_warn

Pass arguments to logger::log\_warn using custom RMassBank-logging settings

### **Description**

The logging file to be used can be specified by the user in the logging\_file field of settings.ini

## Usage

```
rmb_log_warn(...)
```

#### **Arguments**

The log message, as for 'logger::log\_...' functions

#### Author(s)

pstahlhofen

#### See Also

logger::log\_warn

selectPeaks

Select peaks from aggregate table

#### **Description**

Selects peaks from aggregate table according to different criteria.

#### Usage

```
selectPeaks(o, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2'
selectPeaks(o, filter, ..., enclos = parent.frame(2))
## S4 method for signature 'Spectrum'
selectPeaks(o, filter, ..., enclos = parent.frame(2))
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2List'
selectPeaks(o, ..., enclos = parent.frame(2))
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSetList'
selectPeaks(o, ..., enclos = parent.frame(2))
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSetList'
selectPeaks(o, ..., enclos = parent.frame(2))
```

selectSpectra 107

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
selectPeaks(o, filter, ..., enclos = parent.frame(2))
## S4 method for signature 'msmsWorkspace'
selectPeaks(o, ..., enclos = parent.frame(2))
```

## **Arguments**

o msmsWorkspace or aggregate data. frame from a workspace.
... no additional parameters

filter The expression (to be evaluated in context of the 'getData()' result on the spectrum) to define the peaks to keep. For example, 'good & filterOK'

enclos The context in which to evaluate the filter expression, by default set such that

the spectrum 'getData()' is retrieved.

#### Value

Peak dataframe according to the specified criteria.

#### Methods (by class)

- selectPeaks(RmbSpectraSetList): A method to filter spectra to the specified peaks
- selectPeaks(RmbSpectraSet): A method to filter spectra to the specified peaks
- selectPeaks(data.frame): A method to retrieve the specified peaks from the "aggregated" slot (a data.frame object) in an msmsWorkSpace
- selectPeaks(msmsWorkspace): A method to retrieve the specified peaks from an msmsWorkSpace

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

selectSpectra Sele

Select a subset of spectra matching properties

## Description

From a list of RmbSpectraSets, returns the spectra which match a criterion (found, complete, empty as in checkSpectra). This can be returned either as a TRUE/FALSE vector, as a vector of indices for matching elements, as a vector of RmbSpectraSet objects matching the conditions, or as a vector of RmbSpectraSet objects NOT matching the conditions (sic!).

### Usage

```
selectSpectra(s, property, value = "logical")
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSetList,character'
selectSpectra(s, property, value = "logical")
## S4 method for signature 'msmsWorkspace,character'
selectSpectra(s, property, value = "logical")
```

108 setAccessionBuilder

#### **Arguments**

The RmbSpectraSetList or msmsWorkspace to select RmbSpectraSets from.

property The property to check (found, complete or empty)

value logical if a TRUE/FALSE list should be returned; index if a vector of match-

ing indices should be returned, object if matching objects should be returned,

mismatch if mismatching objects should be returned.

#### Value

As described above.

### Methods (by class)

- selectSpectra(s = RmbSpectraSetList, property = character): A method for selecting spectra from a spectra set list
- selectSpectra(s = msmsWorkspace, property = character): A method for selecting spectra from an msmsWorkspace

#### Author(s)

stravsmi

setAccessionBuilder

Define a programmatic or gluey ACCESSION builder

### **Description**

Define a programmatic or gluey ACCESSION builder

## Usage

setAccessionBuilder(accessionBuilder)

#### **Arguments**

accessionBuilder

a function that takes parameters 'cpd' (an instance of 'RmbSpectraSet'), 'spectrum' (an instance of 'RmbSpectrum2') and 'subscan' (an integer denoting relative scan id) and returns a 'character'. Alternatively a glue string just like the one in the RMassBank settings.

setData 109

setData

Set RmbSpectrum2 data from data.frame

#### **Description**

Sets all slots which are present as columns in the given dataframe. Optionally cleans the object, i.e. empties slots not defined in the data frame.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2,data.frame'
setData(s, df, clean = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

s The RmbSpectrum2 object to modify

df The data frame with new data

clean TRUE if slots which aren't present as columns in the data frame should be cleared.

#### Value

The modified RmbSpectrum2.

### Author(s)

stravsmi

smiles2mass

Calculate the mass from a SMILES-String

## Description

Uses a SMILES-String to calculate the mass using rcdk-integrated functions.

### Usage

```
smiles2mass(SMILES)
```

## Arguments

SMILES

A String-object representing a SMILES

### Value

The calculated mass of the given SMILES-Formula

#### Author(s)

Erik Mueller

110 spectraCount

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    smiles2mass("CC(=0)NC(C(0)1)C(0)C(0C(02)C(0)C(0C(03)C(0)C(0)C(0)C(0)3)C(0)C(C0)2)C(C0)01")
## End(Not run)
```

spectraCount

Count MS2 spectra per compound

## Description

Counts the number of acquired spectra for a compound or multiple compounds

### Usage

```
spectraCount(s)

## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSet'
spectraCount(s)

## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSetList'
spectraCount(s)

## S4 method for signature 'msmsWorkspace'
spectraCount(s)
```

### **Arguments**

S

The object (RmbSpectraSet, RmbSpectraSetList or msmsWorkspace) to count the spectra in.

### Value

For RmbSpectraSet objects, a single number counting the spectra in that object. For RmbSpectraSetList or msmsWorkspace, a vector with spectra counts for all compounds (RmbSpectraSets) in the object.

## Methods (by class)

- spectraCount(RmbSpectraSet): Counts the number of acquired spectra for an RmbSpectraSet
- spectraCount(RmbSpectraSetList): Counts the number of acquired spectra for an Rmb-SpectraSetList
- spectraCount(msmsWorkspace): Counts the number of acquired spectra for an msmsWorkSpace

## Author(s)

stravsmi

to.limits.rcdk

to.limits.rcdk

Convert formula to Rcdk limits

## **Description**

Converts a molecular formula e.g. C15H20 into an upper limit appropriate for use with Rcdk's generate.formula function's element argument.

## Usage

```
to.limits.rcdk(formula)
```

## **Arguments**

formula

A molecular formula in string or list representation ("C6H6" or list(C=6, H=6)).

### **Details**

This helper function is used to make the upper limits for generate.formula when finding subformulas to match to a MS2 fragment peak.

### Value

```
An array in the form c(c("C", "0", "12"), c("H", "0", "12")) (for input of "C12H12").
```

## Author(s)

Michael Stravs

## See Also

```
generate.formula, add.formula
```

```
#
to.limits.rcdk("C6H6")
to.limits.rcdk(add.formula("C6H12O6", "H"))
```

112 toMassbank

toMassbank

Write MassBank record into character array

### **Description**

Writes a MassBank record in list format to a text array.

## Usage

```
toMassbank(o, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectraSet'
toMassbank(o, addAnnotation = getOption("RMassBank")$add_annotation)
## S4 method for signature 'RmbSpectrum2'
toMassbank(o, addAnnotation = getOption("RMassBank")$add_annotation)
```

#### **Arguments**

An object to convert to MassBank record format. This may be a single 'Rmb-Spectrum2', or a complete compound (an 'RmbSpectraSet'),
 Parameters passed to the implementation, in particular 'addAnnotation'
 addAnnotation 'logical', whether to add peak annotations (putative formulas) to the record.

## Details

CH\\$LINK: KEGG C10901

The function is a general conversion tool for the MassBank format; i.e. the field names are not fixed. mbdata must be a named list, and the entries can be as follows:

```
A single text line:
    'CH\$EXACT_MASS' = '329.1023'
    is written as
    CH\$EXACT_MASS: 329.1023
A character array:
    'CH\$NAME' = c('2-Aminobenzimidazole', '1H-Benzimidazol-2-amine')
    is written as
    CH\$NAME: 2-Aminobenzimidazole
    CH\$NAME: 1H-Benzimidazol-2-amine
A named list of strings:
    'CH\$LINK' = list('CHEBI' = "27822", "KEGG" = "C10901")
    is written as
    CH\$LINK: CHEBI 27822
```

 A data frame (e.g. the peak table) is written as specified in the MassBank record format (Section 2.6.3): the column names are used as headers for the first line, all data rows are printed space-separated. toRMB 113

#### Value

The result is a text array, which is ready to be written to the disk as a file.

#### Note

The function iterates over the list item names. **This means that duplicate entries in** mbdata **are** (partially) discarded! The correct way to add them is by making a character array (as specified above): Instead of 'CH\\$NAME' = 'bla', 'CH\\$NAME' = 'blub' specify 'CH\\$NAME' = c('bla', 'blub').

#### Author(s)

Michael Stravs

#### References

MassBank record format: http://www.massbank.jp/manuals/MassBankRecord\_en.pdf

#### See Also

buildRecord, mbWorkflow

### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Read just the compound info skeleton from the Internet for some compound ID
id <- 35
mbdata <- gatherData(id)
#' # Export the mbdata blocks to line arrays
# (there is no spectrum information, just the compound info...)
mbtext <- toMassbank(mbdata)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

toRMB

Conversion of XCMS-pseudospectra into RMassBank-spectra

## Description

Converts a pseudospectrum extracted from XCMS using CAMERA into the msmsWorkspace(at)spectrum-format that RMassBank uses

## Usage

```
toRMB(msmsXCMSspecs, cpdID, mode, MS1spec)
```

## Arguments

msmsXCMSspecs The compoundID of the compound that has been used for the peaklist

cpdID The compound ID of the substance of the given spectrum mode The ionization mode that has been used for the spectrum

MS1spec The MS1-spectrum from XCMS, which can be optionally supplied

114 updateHeader

#### Value

One list element of the (at)specs-entry from an msmsWorkspace

#### Author(s)

Erik Mueller

#### See Also

```
msmsWorkspace-class
```

### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    XCMSpspectra <- findmsmsHRperxcms.direct("Glucolesquerellin_2184_1.mzdata", 2184)
    wspecs <- toRMB(XCMSpspectra)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

updateHeader

Add a header to a Multiblock JCAMP file

## Description

JCAMP files containing multiple blocks are usually structured by so-called link blocks. If no link block is present, the readJDX package is not able to parse the file. This method will add a link block at the top of the given file or print a message if an existing link block is found. The file is not changed in this case.

## Usage

```
updateHeader(filename)
```

### **Arguments**

filename

character The name of the file to which a link block should be added. The filename is also used as content for the TITLE field in the link block

## Value

Nothing is returned

#### Author(s)

pstahlhofen

```
## Not run:
    updateHeader("my_multiblock_jcamp.jdx")
## End(Not run)
```

updateSettings 115

updateSettings

Update settings to current version

## Description

Checks if all necessary fields are present in the current settings and fills in default values from the RmbDefaultSettings if required.

## Usage

```
updateSettings(settings, warn = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

settings The set of settings to check and update.

warn Whether to update parameters quietly (FALSE) or to notify the user of the changed

parameters (TRUE, default.) This serves to make the user aware that standard pa-

rameters are filled in!

#### Value

The updated set of settings.

#### Note

Important: There is a change in behaviour of RMassBank in certain cases when filterSettings is not present in the old settings! The default pre-recalibration cutoff from RmbDefaultSettings is 10000. Formerly the pre-recalibration cutoff was set to be 10000 for positive spectra but 0 for negative spectra.

Updating the settings files is preferred to using the updateSettings function.

## Author(s)

Stravs MA, Eawag <michael.stravs@eawag.ch>

```
## Not run:
w@settings <- updateSettings(w@settings)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

116 validate

validate

Validate MassBank records with a set of Unit tests

## **Description**

Validates a plain text MassBank record, or recursively all records within a directory. The Unit Tests to be used are installed in RMassBank/inst/validationTests and currently include checks for NAs, peaks versus precursor, precursor mz, precursor type, SMILES vs exact mass, total intensities and title versus type. The validation report is saved as "report.html" in the working directory.

## Usage

```
validate(path, simple = TRUE)
```

### **Arguments**

path The filepath to a single record, or a directory to search recursively

simple If TRUE the function creates a simpler form of the RUnit .html report, better

readable for humans. If FALSE it returns the unchanged RUnit report.

```
## Not run:
validate("/tmp/MassBank/OpenData/record/")
## End(Not run)
```

# **Index**

```
+, RmbSpectraSet, ANY-method, 4
                                                                                                          cleanElnoise, 22, 99
+, RmbSpectrum2List, ANY-method, 5
                                                                                                          cleanElnoise,data.frame,numeric,numeric-method
+, Spectrum, numeric-method, 5
                                                                                                                             (cleanElnoise), 22
                                                                                                          \verb|cleanElnoise|, \verb|RmbSpectraSet|, \verb|numeric|, \verb|numeric|, \verb|mumeric|, mumeric|, \verb|mumeric|, mumeric|, mumeric
-, RmbSpectraSet, ANY-method, 6
-, RmbSpectrum2List, ANY-method, 6
                                                                                                                             (cleanElnoise), 22
-, Spectrum, numeric-method, 7
                                                                                                          \verb|cleanElnoise,RmbSpectrum2,numeric,numeric-method|\\
 .RmbSpectraSet (RmbSpectraSet-class),
                                                                                                                             (cleanElnoise), 22
                   101
                                                                                                          cleanElnoise,RmbSpectrum2List,numeric,numeric-method
 .RmbSpectraSetList
                                                                                                                             (cleanElnoise), 22
                  (RmbSpectrum2List-class), 102
                                                                                                          combineMultiplicities, 23
 .RmbSpectrum2 (RmbSpectrum2-class), 101
                                                                                                          compoundlist2SDF, 24
 .RmbSpectrum2List
                                                                                                          createCompoundlist, 25
                   (RmbSpectrum2List-class), 102
                                                                                                          createMolfile, 26, 31
                                                                                                          CTS.externalIdSubset, 27
 .msmsWorkspace (msmsWorkspace-class), 81
 .parseTitleString, 7
                                                                                                          CTS.externalIdTypes, 27
 .updateObject.RmbSpectrum2.formulaSource,
                                                                                                          deprofile, 29, 40, 44, 99
add. formula, 8, 50, 67, 84, 111
                                                                                                          exportMassbank, 31
addMB, 9
addPeaks, 10, 18, 19, 74
                                                                                                          fillback, 32
addPeaksManually, 10, 11
                                                                                                          fillback, msmsWorkspace, missing, missing-method
addProperty, 12
                                                                                                                             (fillback), 32
addProperty,data.frame,character,character-method
                                                                                                          fillback, RmbSpectraSet, missing, data.frame-method
                  (addProperty), 12
add Property, Rmb Spectrum 2, character, character-method \quad (fillback), 32 \\
                                                                                                          fillback, RmbSpectrum2, character, data.frame-method
                  (addProperty), 12
                                                                                                                             (fillback), 32
aggregateSpectra, 12, 22
                                                                                                          filterCompoundlist, 32
analyzeMsMs, 13, 14, 18, 33-37, 80, 94, 95,
                                                                                                          filterLowaccResults, 16, 33, 36
                   101, 102
                                                                                                          filterMultiplicity, 34
annotator.default, 16, 99
                                                                                                          filterPeakSatellites, 15, 16, 34, 35
archiveResults, 17, 83
                                                                                                          filterPeaksMultiplicity, 34, 35, 36
                                                                                                          findCAS (findMz), 46
buildRecord, 8, 18, 113
                                                                                                          findEIC, 37
buildRecord, RmbSpectraSet-method
                                                                                                          findFormula (findMz), 46
                  (buildRecord), 18
                                                                                                          findLevel (findMz), 46
buildRecord, RmbSpectrum2-method
                                                                                                          findMass, 38, 47
                  (buildRecord), 18
                                                                                                          findMsMsHR, 14, 39, 42, 44, 70, 71
CAS2SMILES, 19
                                                                                                          findMsMsHR.direct, 42
checkIsotopes, 20
                                                                                                          findMsMsHR.ticMS2(findMsMsHR.ticms2),
checkSpectra, 21, 107
                                                                                                                             43
checkSpectra, RmbSpectraSet, character-method findMsMsHR.ticms2, 43
                                                                                                          findMsMsHRperMsp, 44
                  (checkSpectra), 21
```

118 INDEX

findMsMsHRperxcms, 45	mbWorkflow, 10, 19, 31, 34, 38, 51–55, 68, 72,
findMz, 39, 46, 48, 69	74, 82, 113
findMz.formula, 47, 47	mbWorkspace-class, 74
findName (findMz), 46	mergePeaks, 75
findProgress, 48	mergePeaks,data.frame-method
findRt (findMz), 46	(mergePeaks), 75
findSmiles, 26	<pre>mergePeaks,matrix-method(mergePeaks),</pre>
findSmiles (findMz), 46	75
flatten, 49	mergePeaks,RmbSpectrum2-method
formulastring.to.list, 9, 48, 50	(mergePeaks), 75
	mergePeaks,Spectrum-method
gatherCCTE, 51	(mergePeaks), 75
gatherData, 49, 52	mergeSpectra, 76
gatherDataBabel, 53	<pre>mergeSpectra,RmbSpectrum2List-method</pre>
gatherDataUnknown, 54	(mergeSpectra), 76
gatherPubChem, 55	msmsRead, 76, 80
generate.formula, <i>102</i> , <i>111</i>	msmsRead.RAW, 78
getAnalyticalInfo, 56	msmsWorkflow, 11, 13, 16, 23, 24, 46, 72, 78,
getCactus, 56, 66	79, 79, 81, 83, 90, 95
getCASRN, 57	msmsWorkspace-class, 81
getCSID, 58	multiply.formula(add.formula),8
getCtsKey, 59	, ,
getCtsRecord, 27, 57, 59, 66	newMbWorkspace, 82
getData, 60, 75, 76	newMsmsWorkspace, 82
getData, RmbSpectrum2-method (getData),	normalize, 18
60	normalize, RmbSpectrum2-method, 83
getDTXCID, 61	normalize, RmbSpectrum2List-method, 84
getDTXSID, 62	
getDTXSMILES, 63	order.formula, 9, 50, 67, 84
getField, 64	
getMolecule, 64	parse.smiles,65
getPcId, 57, 65	parseMassBank, 85
getPrefName, 66	parseMbRecord, 85
	peaksMatched, 86
infolist, 49	peaksMatched,data.frame-method
is.valid.formula, 9, 50, 67, 84, 102	(peaksMatched), 86
	peaksMatched,msmsWorkspace-method
list.to.formula, <i>67</i> , <i>84</i>	(peaksMatched), 86
list.to.formula	peaksUnmatched, 87
(formulastring.to.list), 50	peaksUnmatched,data.frame-method
loadInfolist, 18,49	(peaksUnmatched), 87
<pre>loadInfolist (loadInfolists), 68</pre>	peaksUnmatched,msmsWorkspace-method
loadInfolists, 68, 74	(peaksUnmatched), 87
loadList, 39, 40, 47, 69, 99, 101	plotMbWorkspaces, 88
<pre>loadMsmsWorkspace (newMsmsWorkspace), 82</pre>	plotRecalibration, 88
loadRmbSettings, 15, 20, 77, 79, 80, 101	ppm, 75, 89
<pre>loadRmbSettings (RmbDefaultSettings), 97</pre>	problematicPeaks, 34, 35, 90
loadRmbSettingsFromEnv	processProblematicPeaks,91
(RmbDefaultSettings), 97	progressBarHook, 77, 79, 80, 91, 94
	property, 92
makeMollist, 70	${\tt property,RmbSpectrum2,character-method}$
makePeaksCache, 70	(property), 92
makeRecalibration, 71	property<-, 93

INDEX 119

```
property<-, RmbSpectrum2, character, logical, chasabetetPenaktsp@mbSpectrum2-method
        (property < -), 93
                                                           (selectPeaks), 106
property <-, RmbSpectrum 2, character, logical, mis \textbf{set} \textbf{h} \textbf{get} \textbf{n} \textbf{let} \textbf{a} \textbf{los} \textbf{l}, RmbSpectrum 2 List-method
                                                           (selectPeaks), 106
        (property < -), 93
property<-, RmbSpectrum2, character, missing, chasabtetPmaktspSpectrum-method
                                                           (selectPeaks), 106
        (property<-), 93
property<-,RmbSpectrum2,character,missing,missehgethSpenotra, 107
                                                  selectSpectra,msmsWorkspace,character-method
        (property<-), 93
                                                           (selectSpectra), 107
                                                  selectSpectra,RmbSpectraSetList,character-method
readMbdata, 18
                                                           (selectSpectra), 107
readMbdata(flatten), 49
                                                  setAccessionBuilder, 108
reanalyzeFailpeak, 37
                                                  setData, 75, 76, 109
reanalyzeFailpeak (reanalyzeFailpeaks),
                                                  setData, RmbSpectrum2, data. frame-method
                                                           (setData), 109
reanalyzeFailpeaks, 16, 94, 99
                                                  show, mbWorkspace-method
recalibrate, 71, 72, 95
                                                           (mbWorkspace-class), 74
recalibrate.addMS1data,96
                                                  show, msmsWorkspace-method
recalibrate.loess, 100
                                                           (msmsWorkspace-class), 81
recalibrateSingleSpec
                                                  smiles2mass, 109
        (makeRecalibration), 71
                                                  spectraCount, 110
recalibrateSpectra (makeRecalibration),
                                                  spectraCount, msmsWorkspace-method
         71
                                                           (spectraCount), 110
resetInfolists (loadInfolists), 68
                                                  spectraCount, RmbSpectraSet-method
resetList (loadList), 69
                                                           (spectraCount), 110
rmb_log_debug, 103
                                                  spectraCount, RmbSpectraSetList-method
rmb_log_error, 103
                                                           (spectraCount), 110
rmb_log_fatal, 104
rmb_log_info, 104
                                                  to.limits.rcdk, 111
rmb_log_success, 105
                                                  toMassbank, 19, 31, 112
rmb_log_trace, 105
                                                  toMassbank, RmbSpectraSet-method
rmb_log_warn, 106
                                                           (toMassbank), 112
RmbDefaultSettings, 97, 115
                                                  to Massbank, {\tt RmbSpectrum2-method}
RmbSettings, 98, 98
                                                           (toMassbank), 112
RmbSettingsTemplate
                                                  toRMB, 46, 113
        (RmbDefaultSettings), 97
RmbSpectraSet-class, 101
                                                  updateHeader, 114
RmbSpectraSetList
                                                  updateSettings, 115
         (RmbSpectrum2List-class), 102
                                                  validate, 85, 86, 116
RmbSpectraSetList-class
        (RmbSpectrum2List-class), 102
RmbSpectrum2-class, 101
RmbSpectrum2List-class, 102
selectPeaks, 18, 106
selectPeaks, data. frame-method
        (selectPeaks), 106
selectPeaks,msmsWorkspace-method
         (selectPeaks), 106
selectPeaks, RmbSpectraSet-method
        (selectPeaks), 106
selectPeaks, RmbSpectraSetList-method
```

(selectPeaks), 106