## Package 'CNAnorm'

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**Title** A normalization method for Copy Number Aberration in cancer samples

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**Depends** R (>= 2.10.1), methods

Description Performs ratio, GC content correction and normalization of data obtained using low coverage (one read every 100-10,000 bp) high troughput sequencing. It performs a ``discrete" normalization looking for the ploidy of the genome. It will also provide tumour content if at least two ploidy states can be found.

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**Imports** DNAcopy

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2 addDNACopy

## **Contents**

addDl	NACopy Methods for Function addDNACopy in Package 'CNAnorm'	
Index		24
	vandation	20
	validation	
	retrieve peaks and ploidy	
	ratio	
	plotPeaks	
	plotGenome	
	peakPloidy	
	Params-class	
	LS041	
	hg19_hs_ideogr	
	gPar	
	gcNorm	
	exportTable	
	discreteNorm	
		10
	dataFrame2object	10
	CNAnormWorkflow	8
	CNAnorm-class	6
	CN	6
	chromosomesPosition	5
	addSmooth	4
	addDNACopy	2

## **Description**

addSmooth segment ratio values in Package 'CNAnorm' using DNACopy

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
addDNACopy(object, independent.arms = FALSE, ideograms = NULL,
    DNAcopy.smooth = list(), DNAcopy.weight = character(), DNAcopy.segment = list())
```

## **Arguments**

object An object of Class "CNAnorm"

independent.arms

Boolean. If TRUE chromosomes arms will be treated as independent, ideograms must be provided

 $\hbox{ideograms} \qquad \quad A \ data \ frame \ containing \ information \ about \ banding. \ See \ ?hg19\_hs\_ideogr \ for$ 

more information

DNAcopy. smooth A list of parameters to be passed to function 'smooth.CNA' in package DNAcopy

addDNACopy 3

DNAcopy.weight A character value of one of these values. 'poisson', 'gaussian', 'twoTailQuantile', 'oneTailQuantile'. It specifies a way to give weight to each window depending on how much coverage in the normal deviates from the median for that chromosome. Options are listed in decreasing order of stringency. See Details

DNAcopy.segment

A list of parameters to be passed to function 'segment' in package DNAcopy. Parameters 'weights' and 'verbose' are not accepted

#### **Details**

'poisson': windows with coverage more or less than 2\*sqrt(mean) from the mean are weighted down. The most stringent. Recommended for unbiased genome wide sequencing.

'gaussian': windows with coverage more or less than 2\*sd from the median are weighted down. Recommended for genome wide sequencing where coverage in the normal is far from poisson distribution.

'twoTailQuantile': windows with coverage outside 5-95th quantile are weighted down. Recommended when coverage is far from a normal distribution - such as capture experiments -

'oneTailQuantile': windows with coverage lower than 5th quantile are weighted down. Recommended when coverage is far from a normal distribution - such as capture experiments. Does not weight down windows with very high coverage.

#### Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

#### Methods

signature(object = "CNAnorm") Segment ratio values on an object of class "CNAnorm". Returns
the same object with extra slots (segMean, segID)

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk> and Arief Gusnanto <a.gusnanto@leeds.ac.uk>

#### References

Venkatraman, E. S. and Olshen, A. B. (2007) A faster circular binary segmentation algorithm for the analysis of array CGH data. Bioinformatics

#### See Also

```
segMean, CNAnorm-class, DNAcopy, hg19_hs_ideogr
```

```
data(LS041)
CN <- dataFrame2object(LS041)
CN <- addDNACopy(CN)</pre>
```

4 addSmooth

 ${\sf addSmooth}$ 

Methods for Function addSmooth in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

addSmooth segment and smooth perform ratio values in Package 'CNAnorm'

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
addSmooth(object, lambda = 7, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

object An object of Class "CNAnorm"

lambda Degree of smoothness. See reference for more details

... Further arguments to pass to the function smoothseg

#### Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

## Methods

signature(object = "CNAnorm") Segment and smooth perform ratio values on an object of class
"CNAnorm". Returns the same object with extra slot (ratio.s)

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk> and Arief Gusnanto <a.gusnanto@leeds.ac.uk>

## References

Huang, J., Gusnanto, A., O'Sullivan, K., Staaf, J., Borg, A. and Pawitan, Y. (2007) *Robust smooth segmentation approach for array CGH data analysis*. Bioinformatics

#### See Also

```
ratio.s, CNAnorm-class
```

```
data(LS041)
CN <- dataFrame2object(LS041)
CN.gcNorm <- gcNorm(CN, exclude = c("chrX", "chrY", "chrM"))
CN.smooth <- addSmooth(CN)</pre>
```

chromosomesPosition 5

chromosomesPosition Accessors methods for Function ratio in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

chrs returns/set the name of chromosomes/contigs

arms retruns the name of the chromosome and arm. A data frame containing ideogram information has to be provided. See ?hg19\_hs\_ideogr for an example

pos returns/set the position of starting window. **Be careful!** If you need to change data, it is better to change the input data and start over.

## Usage

```
chrs(object)
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
pos(object, show = "start")
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
arms(object, banding_df)
```

## **Arguments**

object An object of Class "CNAnorm" show The position to show: 'start', 'end'

banding\_df A data frame with infromation about ideogram

#### Value

chrs and arms return a character vector, pos returns a numeric vector

## Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>

#### See Also

```
gcNorm, CNAnorm-class, hg19_hs_ideogr
```

```
data(LS041)
data(hg19_hs_ideogr)
CN <- dataFrame2object(LS041)
dataFrameNames <- as.character(LS041$Chr)
objectNames <- chrs(CN)
armNames <- arms(CN, hg19_hs_ideogr)
# check the names are, indeed, the same
all(dataFrameNames == objectNames)
# make shorter names, drop the first three letters ('chr')
shortNames <- substr(chrs(CN),4,nchar(chrs(CN)))
chrs(CN) <- shortNames</pre>
```

6 CNAnorm-class

# retrieve all new names
unique(chrs(CN))
unique(armNames)

CN

A CNAnorm object with information about most abundant ploidy states, obtained from data LS041.

## **Description**

This data is to provide an object to use in several examples without having to wait for computing it. To see how it was generated, see documentation of function peakPloidy.

#### Usage

data(CN)

#### **Format**

A CNAnorm object

CNAnorm-class

Class "CNAnorm"

#### **Description**

Class to Contain and Describe copy number aberration (CNA) data from low coverage (approx 0.01 - 0.5X) Next Generation Sequencing

## **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("CNAnorm", InData).

#### **Slots**

InData: Object of class "InData". Contains input data provided by the user. All slots have same length. Each element describe one window. See Class "InData"

DerivData: Object of class "DerivData". Contains data derived from "InData". It can be Retrieved by the user, but methods should be used to populate "DerivData". All slots have same length as input data. See Class DerivData

Res: Object of class "Res". Contains slots with obtained results. See Class "Res"

Params: Object of class "Params". Contains crucial parameters passed to some of the methods for reusing in later steps or for documentation.

CNAnorm-class 7

#### Methods

Summary of methods for class "CNAnorm". Type "methods? methodName" for more details about methodName.

```
chrs signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve Chromosomes/contig name
chrs<- signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Set Chromosomes/contig name</pre>
guessPeaksAndPloidy signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Estimate ploidy of the sample, tumor
     content and other results saved in Slot "Res"
length signature(x = "CNAnorm"): Returns number of element/windows
[ signature(x = "CNAnorm"): Produce on object of class "CNAnorm" with a subser of windows
plotGenome signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Plot annotated normalized genome copy number
plotPeaks signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Plot peaks and estimated/validated ploidy
pos signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve Chromosomes/contig position
pos<- signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Set Chromosomes/contig position</pre>
ratio signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve ratio (Test/Control). If gcNorm was called, ra-
     tio is GC normalized
ratio.n signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve normalized ratio (not smoothed)
ratio.s signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve smoothed ratio
ratio.n.s signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve normalized smoothed ratio
segMean signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve segmented ratio (as provided by DNAcopy)
segMean.n signature(object = "CNAnorm"): Retrieve normalized segmented ratio
```

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk> and Arief Gusnanto <a.gusnanto@leeds.ac.uk>

## References

CNA-norm: Discrete Normalization of Copy Number Alteration data from clinical samples (in preparation)

## See Also

InData, DerivData for documentation on the slots.

```
data(LS041)
CNA <- new("CNAnorm", InData = new("InData", Chr = as.character(LS041$Chr), Pos = LS041$Pos,
    Test = LS041$Test, Norm = LS041$Norm, GC = LS041$GC))</pre>
```

8 **CNAnormWorkflow** 

CNAnormWorkflow Wrapper to "CNAnorm" workflow

#### **Description**

This function is a wrapper to use for a fully automated CNAnorm workflow where interactivity is not required. It contains MOST possible paramenters. Defaults are set to to run a standard and conservative workflow.

#### Usage

```
CNAnormWorkflow(dataFrame, gc.do=FALSE, gc.exclude=character(0),
    gc.maxNumPoints=10000, smooth.do=TRUE, smooth.lambda=7,
    smooth.other=list(),\ peak.method='closest',\ peak.exclude=character(\emptyset),
    peak.ploidyToTest=12, peak.sd=5, peak.dThresh=0.01, peak.n=2048,
    peak.adjust=.9, peak.force.smooth=TRUE, peak.reg=FALSE, peak.ds=1.5,
    peak.zero.count=FALSE, peak.other=list(), DNAcopy.do=TRUE,
    DNAcopy.independent.arms=FALSE, DNAcopy.ideograms=NULL,
    DNAcopy.smooth=list(), DNAcopy.segment=list(), DNAcopy.weight=character(),
    dNorm.normBy=NULL)
```

#### Arguments

All arguments are explained in the relative functions

A data frame with columns Chr, Pos, Test, Norm and optional GC. See dataFrame2object dataFrame gc.do Specify if GC correction need to be done. See gcNorm gc.exclude See gcNorm gc.maxNumPoints See gcNorm Specify if smoothing need to be done. See addSmooth smooth.do See addSmooth smooth.lambda smooth.other A list of other parameters to pass to the smoothing function. See addSmooth peak.method See peakPloidy peak.exclude See peakPloidy

peak.ploidyToTest

See peakPloidy

peak.sd See peakPloidy See peakPloidy peak.dThresh See peakPloidy peak.n peak.adjust See peakPloidy

peak.force.smooth

See peakPloidy

See peakPloidy peak.reg See peakPloidy peak.ds

dataFrame2object 9

peak.zero.count

See peakPloidy

peak.other A list of other parameters to be passed to funtions for peak detection See peak-

Ploidy

DNAcopy .do Specify if segmentation with DNAcopy need to be done. See addDNACopy

DNAcopy.independent.arms

See addDNACopy

DNAcopy.ideograms

See addDNACopy

DNAcopy.smooth See addDNACopy

DNAcopy.segment

See addDNACopy

DNAcopy.weight See addDNACopy dNorm.normBy See discreteNorm

#### Value

An object of Class "CNAnorm"

## Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>

#### See Also

dataFrame2object, gcNorm, addSmooth, peakPloidy, addDNACopy, discreteNorm

## **Examples**

```
data(LS041)
CN <- CNAnormWorkflow(LS041)</pre>
```

dataFrame2object

Convert a data frame into an object of Class "CNAnorm"

## **Description**

Convert a data frame with column: Chr, Pos, Test, Norm and optional GC into object of class "CNAnorm"

## Usage

dataFrame2object(dataFrame)

#### **Arguments**

dataFrame A data frame with columns Chr, Pos, Test, Norm and optional GC

#### Value

An object of Class "CNAnorm"

10 DerivData-class

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>

#### See Also

```
CNAnorm-class, InData-class, data.frame
```

#### **Examples**

```
data(LS041)
CN <- dataFrame2object(LS041)</pre>
```

DerivData-class

Class "DerivData"

#### **Description**

A Class containing data derived from InData used for further computation and plotting.

## **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("DerivData"), however DerivData is typically populated using methods. If a slot has not been populated yet, it has zero length, otherwise slots have the same length as InData.

#### **Slots**

ratio: Numeric vector with ratio Test/Normal. Optionally GC corrected.

ratio.s: Numeric vector with smoothed ratio.

ratio.n: Numeric vector with normalized ratio.

ratio.s.n: Numeric vector with normalized and smoothed ratio.

segID: Numeric vecotr with ID of segmented data (as provided by DNACopy). Each segment has a different ID.

segMean: Numeric vector with mean value of the segment (as provided by DNACopy.)

 ${\tt segMean.n:}\ \ Numeric\ vector\ with\ normalized\ segMean.$ 

ok4density: Logical vector. Specify wich values have been used to calculate density.

#### Methods

```
length signature(x = "DerivData"): Returns number of windows.
```

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri and Arief Gusnanto

## References

Gusnanto, A., Wood, H.M., Pawitan, Y., Rabbitts, P. and Berri, S. (2011) Correcting for cancer genome size and tumor cell content enables better estimation of copy number alterations from next generation sequence data. Bioinformatics

discreteNorm 11

#### See Also

```
CNAnorm, InData-class
```

## **Examples**

```
data(LS041)
inObject <- new("InData", Chr = as.character(LS041$Chr),
    Pos = LS041$Pos, Test = LS041$Test, Norm = LS041$Norm,
    GC = LS041$GC)
CNA <- new("CNAnorm", InData = inObject)</pre>
```

discreteNorm

Methods for Function addSmooth in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

discreteNorm performs normalization of data using information on ploidy. Implicitly calls "validation" if no validation was performed

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
discreteNorm(object, normBy = object)
```

## **Arguments**

object An object of Class "CNAnorm" to normalize

normBy An object of Class "CNAnorm" used to set normalization. It is possible, for

instance, to normalize a sample at high resolution, using information obtained

from the same sample at low resolution

#### Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk> and Arief Gusnanto <a.gusnanto@leeds.ac.uk>

#### References

Gusnanto, A., Wood, H.M., Pawitan, Y., Rabbitts, P. and Berri, S. (2011) Correcting for cancer genome size and tumour cell content enables better estimation of copy number alterations from next generation sequence data. Bioinformatics

## See Also

```
validation, peakPloidy
```

12 exportTable

#### **Examples**

```
\mbox{data(CN)} # see peakPloidy documentation to know how object CN is created CN <- discreteNorm(CN)
```

exportTable

Methods for Function exportTable in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

exportTable write a table with normalised values of each window. A wrapper to "write.table"

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
exportTable(object, file = "CNAnorm_table.tab", show = 'ratio',
    sep = "\t", row.names = FALSE, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

object an object of Class "CNAnorm" file name of the file to save to

show what should be reported in the table: "ratio": the normalized ratio (a value

of 1 means diploid). "ploidy": the same as ratio \* 2. "center": report ratio centered on the most abbundant copy. Ratio of 1 means that the most abbundant

"state" is centered to 1

sep the field separator string.

row.names either a logical value indicating whether the row number should be written or a

character vector of row names to be written.

... Extra arguments to be passed to "write.table"

## **Details**

It produces a tab delimited text file with the following columns:

Chr: Chromosome/contig name.

Pos: Starting position of the window.

Ratio: Ratio Test/Normal for each window after GC correction.

Ratio.n: Ratio Test/Normal or ploidy for each window after normalisation.

Ratio.s.n: Smoothed and normalised ratio Test/Normal or ploidy for each window.

SegMean: Mean of the segment this window belongs to.

SegMean.n: Normalised mean ratio Test/Normal or ploidy of the segment this window belongs to.

## Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

gcNorm 13

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>

#### See Also

```
write.table
```

## **Examples**

```
data(CN)
CN <- validation(CN)
CN <- discreteNorm(CN)
exportTable(CN, file = "CNAnorm_table.tab", show = 'ploidy')</pre>
```

gcNorm

Methods for Function gcNorm in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

gcNorm perform GC content normalization on ratio Test/Normal in Package 'CNAnorm'

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
gcNorm(object, exclude = character(0), maxNumPoints = 10000)
```

## **Arguments**

object An object of Class "CNAnorm"

exclude A character vector with name of chromosomes/contigues not to use to calculate

GC content correction. All genome, however, will be corrected

maxNumPoints Maximum number of data points to fit the loess correction. For computational

pourposes, if the number of points in ratio(object) is greater than maxNumPoints,

only maxNumPoints randomly selected will be used

#### Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

#### Methods

signature(object = "CNAnorm") Perform GC content correction on an object of class "CNAnorm". Returns the same object with corrected ratio

## Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>

## See Also

```
loess, CNAnorm-class, ratio
```

14 hg19\_hs\_ideogr

#### **Examples**

```
data(LS041)
CN <- dataFrame2object(LS041)
# correct for GC content, but ignoring data from sex chromosomes and
# mitocondria
CN.gcNorm <- gcNorm(CN, exclude = c("chrX", "chrY", "chrM"))</pre>
```

gPar

An object with the default graphical parameters

## Description

This data object is used by some plotting methods and contains the default values. User can change graphical parameters by changing this object

The object consists of several layers refering to different plots and different properties. Here an indicative description

gPar\$genome: prameters here refer to the plot produced by plotGenome

graphical parameters: see ?par

\$colors: specify colors \$cex: specify relative size - points, text... \$lwd: specify line width \$lty: specify line type - solid, dashed \$mar: specify margins

## Usage

```
data(gPar)
```

#### Format

A S3 object

hg19\_hs\_ideogr

An object with the ideogram information for homo sapiens - hg19

## Description

This is bundles data that can be provided to plotGenome in order to plot location of the centromere. In future release it might be used to produce an ideogram too

#### Usage

```
data(hg19_hs_ideogr)
```

#### **Format**

A data.frame

InData-class 15

InData-class

Class "InData" ~~~

## **Description**

A Class containing input data for CNA

## **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("InData", Chr, Pos, Test, Norm, ratio, GC).

#### **Slots**

Chr: Object of class "character". Name of the Chromosomes/Contigs of each window.

Pos: Object of class "numeric". Starting position of the each window.

Test: Object of class "numeric". Number of reads from Test in each window.

Norm: Object of class "numeric". Number of reads from Normal (Control) in each window.

ratio: Object of class "numeric". Ratio Test/Control in each window. Automatically computed if Test and Norm are provided, or user generated if Test and Norm are not know.

GC: Object of class "numeric". GC content of each window.

## Methods

**length** signature(x = "InData"): Returns number of windows from input data.

## Author(s)

Stefano Berri

## References

Gusnanto, A., Wood, H.M., Pawitan, Y., Rabbitts, P. and Berri, S. (2011) Correcting for cancer genome size and tumor cell content enables better estimation of copy number alterations from next generation sequence data. Bioinformatics

#### See Also

CNAnorm

```
data(LS041)
inObject <- new("InData", Chr = as.character(LS041$Chr), Pos = LS041$Pos,
    Test = LS041$Test, Norm = LS041$Norm, GC = LS041$GC)
CNA <- new("CNAnorm", InData = inObject)</pre>
```

16 Params-class

LS041

Mapped reads in tumor and matched blood for patient LS041

## **Description**

This data set provide reads in tumor and matched blood for patient LS041. Each row has information about non-overlapping window across the genome. In particular it reports: chromosome name, starting position of the window (1 based), number of mapped reads in the test (lung tumor), number of reads in the control (matched blood) and GC content of the window.

#### Usage

data(LS041)

#### **Format**

A dataframe

#### References

Gusnanto, A., Wood, H.M., Pawitan, Y., Rabbitts, P. and Berri, S. (2011) Correcting for cancer genome size and tumour cell content enables better estimation of copy number alterations from next generation sequence data. Bioinformatics

Params-class

Class "Params"

## Description

A Class containing some Parameters used in the analysis. Not heavily used at the moment.

#### **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("Params"), it is usually iniziated and populated with methods and functions of class CNAnorm.

#### **Slots**

- method: variable of class "character". Record if the peakPloidy function was called using density or mixture.
- density.n: The variable "n" used when calling peakPloidy. This variable is saved so that can be used later for drawing plots.
- density.adjust: The variable "adjust" used when calling peakPloidy. This variable is saved so that can be used later for drawing plots
- gc.excludeFromGCNorm: Vector of class "character". Name of the Chromosomes/Contigs not used for GC content correction.
- gc.maxNumPoints: One element vector of class "numeric". Specify how many points to use for GC correction
- gp.excludeFromDensity: Vector of class "character". Name of the Chromosomes/Contigs not used for peak guessing

peakPloidy 17

#### Methods

```
length signature(x = "Params")
```

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri

#### References

Gusnanto, A., Wood, H.M., Pawitan, Y., Rabbitts, P. and Berri, S. (2011) Correcting for cancer genome size and tumor cell content enables better estimation of copy number alterations from next generation sequence data. Bioinformatics

#### See Also

**CNAnorm** 

#### **Examples**

```
data(LS041)
inObject <- new("InData", Chr = as.character(LS041$Chr), Pos = LS041$Pos,
    Test = LS041$Test, Norm = LS041$Norm, GC = LS041$GC)
CNA <- new("CNAnorm", InData = inObject)</pre>
```

peakPloidy

Methods for Function peakPloidy in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

peakPloidy Estimate most likely ploidy of genome looking at distribution of smoothed ratio.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
peakPloidy(object, method = 'mixture', exclude = character(0),
   ploidyToTest = 12, sd = 5, dThresh = 0.01, n = 2048, adjust = .9, force.smooth = TRUE,
   reg = FALSE, ds = 1.5, zero.cont = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

object

An object of Class "CNAnorm"

exclude

A character vector with names of Chromosomes/Contigs **not** to use to estimate ploidy.

method

A character element matching either "mixture", "density", "median", "mode" or "closest". "mixture" will fit a mixture model to find peaks; "density" will use the density function to find peaks; "median" "mode" and "closest" will only find one peak at the median, mode or peak closest to the median respectively. No tumour content or reliable estimated ploidy will be provided. These methods are ment to perform a more "standard" normalisation, without stratching the data. Suggested for germline CNV or a fully automated process that does not requires a normalisation on integer copy number or for highly heterogeneous sample where such normalisation would not be possible. Non ambigous partial matches can be used.

18 peakPloidy

ploidyToTest Maximum ploidy allowed. Warnings! Computation time increases exponen-

tially with this parameter if using "density".

adjust The "adjust" parameter passed to the density function.

The "n" parameter passed to the density function. n

force.smooth If the input object does not have smoothed ratio, it will smooth using "addSmooth".

It is highly recomended to use "force.smooth = TRUE"

Parameter to filter outliers. Values greater than i median + sd \* standard deivasd

tions will be ignored while detecting peaks and ploidy.

Parameter to filter outliers. Values with a density lower than max(density)\*dThresh dThresh

will be ignored while detecting peaks and ploidy.

Parameter for mixture model: If set TRUE, the starting point for EM algorithm reg

> will be optimized through several methods including regular grid on the ratio distribution. The default is FALSE, by which the starting values are taken from

the quantiles of the distribution.

ds Parameter for mixture model: A constraint in EM algorithm of minimum dis-

tance between mean estimates, in terms of median standard deviation of the

mixture components.

Parameter for mixture model: An argument for the mixture model. If set TRUE, zero.cont

the EM algorithm considers exactly-zero ratios as a mixture component.

Extra parameters to be passed to funtions for peak detection, specific to each of

the methods (deinsity or mixture), se below for details.

#### Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

## Note

Other optional parameters to be passed (...)

#### mixture method

#### density method

peakRatioThreshold used to call a peak. Peaks smaller than maxPeakHight/peakRatio are not considered peaks.

spacingToleranceA parameter smaller than 1 which describes how strict the program should be on alternative solutions. Only solution with the best  $R^2 >= \max(R^2)*\text{spacingTolerance}$  will be considered as valid.

interceptRatioMinimum value for the intercept of the linear model. Ideally, should be zero, but the default allows a little flexibility.

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk> and Arief Gusnanto <a.gusnanto@leeds.ac.uk>

#### References

Gusnanto, A., Wood, H.M., Pawitan, Y., Rabbitts, P. and Berri, S. (2011) Correcting for cancer genome size and tumour cell content enables better estimation of copy number alterations from next generation sequence data. Bioinformatics

plotGenome 19

#### See Also

```
CNAnorm-class, density
```

## **Examples**

```
data(LS041)
CN <- dataFrame2object(LS041)
chr2skip <- c("chrY", "chrM")
CN <- gcNorm(CN, exclude = chr2skip)
CN <- addSmooth(CN, lambda = 3)
CN <- peakPloidy(CN, exclude = chr2skip)
# this object CN is what you obtain when you load
# data(CN)</pre>
```

plotGenome

Methods for Function plotGenome in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

plotGenome plot normalized ratio and optionally segmented and/or smoothed normalized ratio values in Package 'CNAnorm'. It also shows annotation.

#### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
plotGenome(object, maxRatio = 8, minRatio = -1,
    superimpose = character(0), gPar = NULL, numHorLables = 10,
    colorful = FALSE, show.centromeres = TRUE, idiogram = NULL, fixVAxes = FALSE,
    supLineColor = character(0), supLineCex = character(0), dot.cex = .2, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

object	An object of Class "CNAnorm"			
maxRatio	The maximum ratio to be shown on the plot. Values or ratio greater than maxRatio will be displayed as green triangulars			
minRatio	The minimum ratio to be shown on the plot. Values or ratio smaller than min-Ratio will be displayed as green triangulars			
superimpose	A character verctor with one or both of the following: "smooth", "DNACopy"			
numHorLables	. Number of maximum horizontal lables. The function will try to annotate numHorLables so that they are approximately equally spaced.			
colorful	A switch to decide if the background dots representing the ratio of each window should be gray or colored according their value in relation to the peak closest to the median			
show.centromeres				
	A switch to decide if location of centromere are displayed on the graph. The location of the centromere is stored in idiogram			
idiogram	A data frame containing banding information. if NULL -default- human information will be loaded by data(hg19_hs_ideogr)			
fixVAxes	A switch to decide if the vertical axes should be fixed to minRatio and maxRatio			

or fit the data within minRatio and maxRatio.

20 plotPeaks

a S3 object with all graphical parameters. If NULL (default) data(gPar) is called supLineColor

A three element character vector with colors to be used for first superimposed line, second superimposed line, normalized ratio dots. If none is provided, defaults are: c("black", "cyan", "grey60")

 ${\tt supLineCex} \qquad \quad A \ two \ element \ vector \ with \ cex \ valeus \ to \ be \ used \ for \ width \ of \ first \ superimposed$ 

line and second superimposed line. If none is provided, defaults are: c(0.5,

0.5)

dot.cex size of the dots in the plot

... Further arguments to pass to the function plot

#### Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk> and Arief Gusnanto <a.gusnanto@leeds.ac.uk>

#### See Also

```
plot, par, peakPloidy, gPar, hg19_hs_ideogr
```

#### **Examples**

```
data(CN)
# see peakPloidy documentation to know how object CN is created
CN <- addDNACopy(CN)
CN <- validation(CN)
CN <- discreteNorm(CN)
plotGenome(CN, superimpose = 'DNACopy')</pre>
```

plotPeaks

Methods for Function plotPeaks in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

plotPeaks plot annotated distribution of ratio Test/Normal

## Usage

## Arguments

object	An object of Class "CNAnorm"
special1	The chromosome/contig whose distribution will be shown with a different color
special2	The chromosome/contig whose distribution will be shown with a different color
show	A character verctor with one or both of the following: "suggested", "validated". Specify what need to be plotted
	Further arguments to pass to the function plot

ratio 21

#### Author(s)

```
Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>
```

#### See Also

```
plot, validation, peakPloidy
```

#### **Examples**

```
data(CN)
# see peakPloidy documentation to know how object CN is created
plotPeaks(CN, special1 = 'chrX', special2 = 'chrY')
```

ratio

Methods for Function ratio in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

ratio returns the Test/Normal ratio from an object of class CNAnorm. ratio is corrected for GC content if gcNorm was called.

ratio.n returns the Test/Normal **normalized** ratio from an object of class CNAnorm after normalization. Its input is ratio(object)

ratio.s returns the Test/Normal **smoothed** ratio from an object of class CNAnorm Its input is ratio(object)

ratio.s.n returns the Test/Normal **smoothed and normalized** ratio from an object of class CNAnorm. Its input is ratio.s(object)

segMean returns the mean of the segments as produced by DNACopy

segMean.n returns the normalized mean of the segments

#### Usage

```
ratio(object)
ratio.n(object)
ratio.s(object)
ratio.s.n(object)
segMean(object)
segMean.n(object)
```

## Arguments

object An object of Class "CNAnorm"

#### Value

A numeric vector

#### Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>

#### See Also

```
gcNorm, CNAnorm-class, DNAcopy
```

## **Examples**

```
data(LS041)
CN <- dataFrame2object(LS041)
ratio.original <- ratio(CN)
CN.gcNorm <- gcNorm(CN, exclude = c("chrX", "chrY", "chrM"))
ratio.gc.corrected <- ratio(CN.gcNorm)</pre>
```

retrieve peaks and ploidy

Methods for Function to retrieve suggested/validated ploidy and peaks in Package 'CNAnorm'

## **Description**

sugg.peaks returns the location of peaks before normalization as suggested by peakPloidy.

sugg.ploidy returns the ploidy of the peaks as suggested by peakPloidy.

valid.peaks returns the location of peaks before normalization as validated after calling method "validation"

valid.ploidy returns the validated ploidy of the peaks as validated after calling method "validation"

#### Usage

```
sugg.peaks(object)
sugg.ploidy(object)
valid.peaks(object)
valid.ploidy(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

An object of Class "CNAnorm" after method "peakPloidy" was called

#### Value

A numeric vector

## Author(s)

Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>

## See Also

```
gcNorm, CNAnorm-class, DNAcopy
```

validation 23

## **Examples**

```
data(CN)
# see peakPloidy documentation to know how object CN is created
plot(sugg.ploidy(CN), sugg.peaks(CN))
```

validation

Methods for Function addSmooth in Package 'CNAnorm'

## Description

validation segment and smooth perform ratio values in Package 'CNAnorm'

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'CNAnorm'
validation(object, peaks = sugg.peaks(object),
    ploidy = sugg.ploidy(object))
```

## **Arguments**

object An object of Class "CNAnorm"

peaks The user validated location (ratio Test/Normal) of the peaks before normaliza-

tion.

ploidy The user validated ploidy of the peaks before normalization.

#### Value

An object of class "CNAnorm"

#### Note

It is implicitly called by discreteNorm if no validation was manually performed

#### Author(s)

```
Stefano Berri <s.berri@leeds.ac.uk>
```

## See Also

```
ratio.s, CNAnorm-class
```

```
\label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{lll} $\mathsf{data}(\mathsf{CN})$ & $\mathsf{max}(\mathsf{CN})$ & $\mathsf
```

# Index

* classes	chrs, CNAnorm-method (CNAnorm-class), 6
CNAnorm-class, 6	chrs-methods (chromosomesPosition), 5
DerivData-class, 10	<pre>chrs&lt;- (chromosomesPosition), 5</pre>
InData-class, 15	chrs<-, CNAnorm-method (CNAnorm-class), 6
Params-class, 16	<pre>chrs<methods (chromosomesposition),="" 5<="" pre=""></methods></pre>
* convert, data.frame	CN, 6
dataFrame2object, 9	CNAnorm, 11, 15, 17
* datasets, dataframe	CNAnorm (CNAnorm-class), 6
LS041, 16	CNAnorm-class, 6
* datasets, object	CNAnormWorkflow, 8
CN, 6	
gPar, 14	data.frame, 10
hg19_hs_ideogr, 14	dataFrame2object, $9,9$
* methods, accessor, get, set	density, <i>19</i>
ratio, 21	DerivData, 7
retrieve peaks and ploidy, 22	DerivData-class, 10
* methods, accessor, get	discreteNorm, 9, 11
chromosomesPosition, 5	discreteNorm, CNAnorm-method
* methods, export, dataframe, table	(discreteNorm), 11
exportTable, 12	discreteNorm-methods (discreteNorm), 11
* methods, normalization	
gcNorm, 13	exportTable, 12
peakPloidy, 17	exportTable,CNAnorm-method
* methods, segmentation, smoothing	(exportTable), 12
addDNACopy, 2	exportTable-methods (exportTable), 12
addSmooth, 4	N 5 0 12 22
* workflow	gcNorm, 5, 9, 13, 22
CNAnormWorkflow, 8	gcNorm, CNAnorm-method (gcNorm), 13
[, CNAnorm-method (CNAnorm-class), 6	gcNorm-methods (gcNorm), 13
-, ,,	gPar, 14, 20
addDNACopy, 2, 9	hg19_hs_ideogr, 3, 5, 14, 20
<pre>addDNACopy,CNAnorm-method(addDNACopy),</pre>	lig19_lis_1deog1, 3, 3, 14, 20
2	InData, 7
addDNACopy-methods (addDNACopy), 2	InData-class, 15
addSmooth, 4, 9	2.154.54 52455, 15
addSmooth, CNAnorm-method (addSmooth), 4	<pre>length, CNAnorm-method (CNAnorm-class), 6</pre>
addSmooth-methods (addSmooth), 4	length,DerivData-method
arms (chromosomesPosition), 5	(DerivData-class), 10
arms, CNAnorm-method	length, InData-method (InData-class), 15
(chromosomesPosition), 5	loess, <i>13</i>
arms-methods (chromosomesPosition), 5	LS041, 16
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
chromosomesPosition, 5	par, <i>20</i>
chrs (chromosomesPosition), 5	Params-class, 16

INDEX 25

peakPloidy, <i>9</i> , <i>11</i> , 17, <i>20</i> , <i>21</i>	sugg.ploidy(retrieve peaks and
peakPloidy,CNAnorm-method(peakPloidy),	ploidy), 22
17	sugg.ploidy,CNAnorm-method
peakPloidy-methods(peakPloidy), 17	(CNAnorm-class), 6
plot, 20, 21	<pre>sugg.ploidy-methods(retrieve peaks</pre>
plotGenome, 19	and ploidy), 22
plotGenome, CNAnorm-method (plotGenome),	
19	valid.peaks(retrieve peaks and
plotGenome-methods (plotGenome), 19	ploidy), 22
plotPeaks, 20	valid.peaks,CNAnorm-method
plotPeaks, CNAnorm-method (plotPeaks), 20	(CNAnorm-class), 6
plotPeaks-methods (plotPeaks), 20	valid.peaks-methods(retrieve peaks
pos (chromosomesPosition), 5	and ploidy), 22
pos, CNAnorm-method	valid.ploidy(retrieve peaks and
(chromosomesPosition), 5	ploidy), 22
pos-methods (chromosomesPosition), 5	valid.ploidy,CNAnorm-method
pos<- (chromosomesPosition), 5	(CNAnorm-class), 6
pos<-,CNAnorm-method(CNAnorm-class),6	valid.ploidy-methods(retrieve peaks
pos <methods (chromosomesposition),="" 5<="" td=""><td>and ploidy), 22</td></methods>	and ploidy), 22
	validation, <i>11</i> , <i>21</i> , <i>23</i>
ratio, <i>13</i> , 21	validation, CNAnorm-method (validation),
ratio, CNAnorm-method (CNAnorm-class), 6	23
ratio-methods (ratio), 21	validation-methods (validation), 23
ratio.n (ratio), 21	
ratio.n,CNAnorm-method(CNAnorm-class),	write.table, <i>13</i>
6	
ratio.n-methods(ratio), 21	
ratio.s, 4, 23	
ratio.s (ratio), 21	
ratio.s,CNAnorm-method(CNAnorm-class),	
6	
ratio.s-methods(ratio), 21	
ratio.s.n (ratio), 21	
ratio.s.n,CNAnorm-method	
(CNAnorm-class), 6	
ratio.s.n-methods (ratio), 21	
retrieve peaks and ploidy, 22	
retrieve peaks and proray, 22	
segMean, 3	
segMean (ratio), 21	
segMean, CNAnorm-method (CNAnorm-class),	
6	
segMean-methods (ratio), 21	
segMean.n (ratio), 21	
segMean.n,CNAnorm-method	
(CNAnorm-class), 6	
segMean.n-methods (ratio), 21	
sugg.peaks(retrieve peaks and ploidy),	
22	
sugg.peaks,CNAnorm-method	
(CNAnorm-class), 6	
sugg.peaks-methods(retrieve peaks and	
ploidy), 22	
P10101/, 22	